Britain to re-register Kuwaiti tanker'

WASHINGTON (R) — Britain will join Washington in reregistering Knwarti oil tankers, the U.S. State Department said Monday. "We understand that the United Kingdom will reflag its first Kuwaiti oil ranker." spokeswoman Phyllis Oakley said without elaborating on how the information was gained. "W. w. come actions such as this that commercial shipping in international waters in or near the Gulf," she told anothers. Oakley did not specify how many Kuwaiti tankers I ondon reporters. Oakley did not specify how many Kuwaiti tankers London would re-register as British ships or when it would happen. Britain had would re-register as Dritish simps or when it would nappen. Britain had previously shown only lukewarm interest in a Kuwaiti request that some of its tankers fly the British flag and the decision followed a reversal of a previous refusal to send minesweepers to the Gutf. Oakley said Washington was also discussing chartering two American tankers to Kuwait, but no decision had been made yet. British naval vessels have been the area for some time and have esconed Brirish merchant vessels

rab political daily publi زية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والرايء

Iran president messages Gulf leaders

ABU DHABI (AP) — Itanian President Ali Khamenei on Monday sent a message to the president of the United Arah Emirates, who has been seeking Synta's help to end the Gulf war. The official Emirates News Agency (WAM) reported the message but did not give any details as to its contents. It said the message to the president, Sheikh Zayed Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, was delivered by the director-general of the political department of the transm Forcign Ministry, Mohammad Hussein Luwasani, to the crown prince of Abu Dhabi, Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Zayed, Sheikh Zayed is currently in West Germany on a private visit after his tive-day trip to Syria last week where he held talks with President Hafez Al Assad on the Gulf war. The framan president meanwhile also sent a message with Mr. Luwasam to the ruler of Oatar, Sheikh Khadila Ibn Hamad Al-Thani, the Quan News Agency reported from Doha. The agency said the message dealt with current developments in the Gulf region.

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Dutch mosque damaged in arson

THE HAGUE (AP) - A Dutch THE HAGUE (AP) — A Dutch mosque was damaged in an apparent arson attack here early Monday as the third such incident this month, police said. No-one was bined in the fire at the Al Madina Mosque, which started around I a.m. local time (2300 GMT Sunday), according to a police spokesman. Police investigating the fire found that it had apparently been started with rags doused in a combustible liquid. There had not been any claim of There had not been any claim of responsibility. The Al Madina Mosque caters to Sunni Muslims in this nation's 180,000-strong Suringmese community.

Iranian rebels report attack

BAGHDAD (R) - A leading BAGHDAD (R) — A leading ann Tehran exile group said its fighters occupied 15 square kilometres of Iranian territory in a surprise attack on Friday on army bases near Mehran, in west Iran, The Baghdad-hased Mujahedeen-e-Khalq said its fighters killed or wounded 110 guards. took 11 others prisoner and destroved a large quantity of war equipment in the attack. The movement said its fighters had launched 82 attacks on Iranian anny and Revolutionary Guards bases since last January, killing or womning 2,960 Iranians and taking 140 prisoners.

Pan Am trial begins

RAWALPINDI (R) - Five Palestinians accused of hijacking an American jetliner last year ended a buycott of their Pakistani mid of Monday but said they would condition a hunger strike against sail conditions. The delendant were brought shackled and handcuffed to the courtroom inside the heavily guarded Rawal-pindi-central jail and sat on a wooden benich before ihr enejudge court. But arguments over aristiction delayed for the second day the start of the trial for the Sept. 5 hijacking of the a lombo jet at Karachi which 22 people were killed and 100 injured.

Non-white minister quits Botha cabinet

CAPE TOWN (R) - South Africa's only coloured (mixed race) cabinet minister, the Rev. Allan Hendrickse, announced on Monday that he was quitting the government and accused President P.W. Botha of insensitivity. The minister fold the House of Represcutatives, a junior parliamentary chamber which Mr. Botha set up m 1984 for people classified colouted that Mr. Botha's attacks prompted his resignation.

israel issues warrant for Vanunu's brother

TEL AVIV (AP) - The brother of Mordechai Vanunu, a former israeli nuclear technician held on charges of spilling his country's atomic secrets, said Monday brack authorities issued a wartant for his arrest after he talked to reporters about the case. Meir Vanish. 31, who has lived in London for the last few weeks. said he did not plan to return to israel and considered requesting political asylum in Britain. There's one brother (Mordechar) who needs help, and we don't need another brother who seeds heip," Meir Vanunu said in an interview with Israel army

INSIDE

- Pentagon said to have secret army, page 2
- Doctors perform Jor-dan's first balloon heart The two crossing points reopened at 9 a.m. (0600 GMT), after officers promised their valve operation, page 3 troops that their demands would Reza Pahlavi restake be submitted to the army comclaim to peacock throne. mand and to the government with
- Hungerford massacre rekindles debate over
- screen violence, page 5 Six leading teams vie for lop stots in Asian hand-• OPEC overproduction
- likely to increase, page 7 · Questions raised over reliability of MX. page 8

Arab League continues talks on stand towards Iran amid summit calls

TUNIS — Arab foreign ministers continued discussions on Monday on a united Arab stand towards Iran amid calls for an urgent Arab summit to discuss the Iran-Iraq war and the tension in the Gulf in the wake of Tehran's threats against Gulf Arab states.

Delegates attending the talks, Wuwait, they said, which began Sunday, were Syrian Foreign M quoted as saying by news agen-cies that they expected the 21 Arab League members present at the meeting to take a hard line towards Iran but short of recom-mending the severing of Arah ties with Tehran.

The delegates said the Arab League Council of Ministers meeting would certainly urge the United Nations Security Council to apply sanctions against Iran for ignoring the council's appeal for an immediate ceasefire, which

Iraq has accepted.
Sanctions would not be designed to punish Iran but to prevent an extension of the war to

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Al Sharaa told the meeting Damascus fully supported Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and all the other Gulf states "threatened by the Iran-Iraq war," delegates said. He held Iraq responsible for the

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz said it was the Arab duty to support Iraq, which had demonstrated its solidarity with Arah states in conflict with Israel, delegates said.

The meeting, requested by Tunisia to discuss the Gulf war and the risks of it spreading throughout the region, resumed Monday evening consultations other states in the region such as and a three-hour session Sunday

night
Tunisian Foreign Minister
Hedi Mabrouk said discussions
among the delegates outside the formal meeting had failed to produce a consensus on breaking or

freezing relations with Iran. He said the idea was opposed by Syria, Algeria, South Yemen, Lihya and Gulf states including the United Arab Emirates and Oman. Mr. Mahrouk said it was agreed that no such proposal should appear on the formal

Other Arab states, led by Saudi Arabia whose foreign minister Saud Al Faisal chaired the meeting, were taking a tough line with Iran. Prince Saud accused Tehran of "terrorist and destructive" actions against the Arab and Islamic worlds, particularly its neigh-

bours in the Gulf.
Delegates said Jordan, Libya Kuwait and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) among others bad proposed an urgent Arah summit on the Gulf war. A full Arab summit has not been held for nearly five years

(Continued on page 3)

Outbound and inbound convoys clear Hormuz after U.S-Iranian brush DUBAl (Agencies) - A convoy attacks.

of American warships and reflag-ged Kuwaiti tankers sailed out of the Gulf on Monday after a serious confrontation with an Iranian warship.

Shipping sources quoted by news agencies said two more tankers and two warship escorts entered the waterway on their way to Kuwait.

Two U.S. navy warships and scrambled helicopter gunships chased off an Iranian gunboat that came too close to the con going out of the Gulf.

The 401,382-tonne Bridgeton, the supertanker under escort, later safely cleared the dangerous strait and entered the Gulf of Oman, as did three smaller tankers, the 81,283-tonne Sea Isle City and the 79, 999-tonne Ocean City, hoth tankers, and the 46,723-tonne Gas King, a liquefied gas carrier.

The incident in the strait was the first significant confrontation between the U.S. and Iranian navies since the Americans began escorting Kuwaiti ships reflagged with the U.S. flag July 20 to

Lebanese

soldiers

demand

more pay

payrise, police said.

BEIRUT (AP) - Lebanese army

soldiers closed the main crossing

points between Beirut's eastern

and western sectors for four

hours on Monday, demanding a

Foreign diplomats, cabinet

ministers, parliament members

and senior army officers were

among thousands of people

turned back at the mid-city

museum and Franciscaine cros-

Police sources that declined to

be named said the troops man-

ning checkpoints on the western

side of the "green line" that splits the capital city demanded more

pay, and compained of frequent delays in the payment of their

their recommendation, police

Police also reported that gun-

men shot dead the brother of a

kidnapped west Beirut money-

changer whose family allegedly

reneged on paying a ransom de-mand after his release

A police statement identified

the man shot dead at mid-morn-

ing as Fuad Kassir, 60.

sing points at daybreak.

salaries.

The interception in the narrow Strait of Hormuz, gateway to the Gulf, came as the inbound convoy of three Kuwaiti tankers flying the American flag headed northward through the Gulf escorted by U.S. warships.

Shipping sources quoted by AP that the 290,085-tonne Middleton, the 81,283-tonne Surf City and the 79,999-tonne Chesapeake City had safely sailed through the Hormuz, past Iranian anti-ship missiles emplacements, and were now steaming up the Gulf.

The U.S.-Iranian confronta-tion came when "an Iranian warship appeared on the scene as the convoy sailed towards the Strait of Hormuz (and) the Americans told them to stay away since they were in their path, one source quoted by Reuter

Two belicopter gunships flew from the Guadalcanal above the scene, but the Iranian ship turned about and sailed away.

WUNSIEDEL, West Germany (Agencies) — The family of Hit-ler's former deputy Rudolf Hess said Monday he had been buried in a private ceremony hut they did not disclose the location of

The shock statement was read

out at a news conference by the

mayor of Wunsiedel, which had

been preparing for a week for Hess's funeral in the family grave.

The funeral was originally scheduled to take place on

Wednesday Mayor Karl Walter said Hess's cousin Wieland telephoned him

50 minutes before the news con-

Mr. Walter previously had ex-

pressed the fear that burying

Hess in Wunsiedel would turn the

town into a pilgrimage spot for Nazi sympathisers.

in Wunsiedel," Mr. Walter told

"He was definitely not buried

Andrea Hess, the former Nazi

leader's daughter-in-law, told AP

from her home in Munich, "I can

confirm that the hurial of Rudolf

Hess has taken place." However,

she declined to say where or

The Hess family statement

said: "It was the last will of

Rudolf Hess to be buried in the

cemetery at Wunsiedel in fitting

circumstances with his family pre-

there - over which the family

had no influence - we felt bound

to fulfil this wish of Rudolf Hess

"In view of the developments

ference with the information...

the grave.

reporters.

buried in secret grave

U.S. fleet's woes in Gulf reflect protect them from Iranian basic maval defects, page 4

U.S. warship fires warning

shots at dhows WASHINGTON (R) — A U.S. warship fired warning machine guns blasts across the bows of two small unidentified boats in the Gulf after they ignored warnings to stay clear of a convoy of reregistered Kuwaiti tankers, the Pentagon said. tagon said.

boats, known as dhows, were of unknown nationality."

The guided missile destroyer

Kidd opened fire after they refused to beed verbal warnings and a flare fired as a warning in their direction.

The Pentagon said the dhows turned away from the convoy after the Kidd opened fire across their bows.

It said a U.S. support helicopter from the Kidd, one of the U.S. warships escorting Kuwaiti tankers in the Gulf, observed the boats about 12 kilometres from the Kidd at about 8:45 a.m. (0445 Family announces Hess

in the spirit of his wish. He was

had been turned into a virtual

fortress and the district appeared

virtually under siege as hundreds

of police were deployed to pre-

vent neo-Nazi demonstrations on

The ashes of top Nazis who were hanged after the Nuremberg

war crimes trials in 1946 were

secretly scattered to prevent their

graves becoming shrines for Nazi

Death from 'hanging'

In West Berlin, British author-

ities, in a revised statement on

the death of Hess, said Monday

"all available evidence" indicates

that the 93-year-old prisoner

Previously, the British author-ities said only that Hess was

found a week ago with "an elec-

trical cord around his neck" in

West Berlin's Spandau prison

but did not say anything about a

cluding results of a full autopsy

and investigations by the special

investigation branch of the Royal

Military Police — indicates that Hess used an electrical extension

cord to bang himself and that the

the British statement said.

Hess' son hospitalised, page 8

inging. "All available evidence — in-

the day of Hess's funeral.

The cemetery at Wunsiedel

buried quietly."

sympathisers.

hanged himself.

Army unit celebrates New Year

Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Monday patronised a festival organised by the Fourth Royal Mechanised Division of the Armed Forces as part of Jordan's celebrations marking the Islamic New Year (Hijri). which begins

Athletic contests including tugof-war and javeline and discus throws, martial arts and fencing were the bighlights of the festival. A parade of Arabian horse was also held. It was organised by the Police Equestrian School. Prince Hassan distributed

prizes to winners of the contests. The celebrations were attended by Minister of Youth Eid Dahiyat, the inspector-general of the Armed Forces and senior military officers.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassau presents prizes to winners of athletic contests organised by the Fourth Royal Mechanised Division on Monday as part of Jurdan's celebrations of the Islamic New Year which begins today tPetra photot

King receives good wishes

AMMAN (Petra) - On the occasion of the Islamic New Year. which begins today. His Majesty King Hussein on Monday received a number of cables of good

wishes.

The cables expressed hope that the new year would be an year during which the hopes and aspirations of the Arah and Musim nations would be achieved.

The cables included those sent by Prime Minister Zaid Al Rifai. Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Ahmad Al Lawzi. Lower House Speaker Akef Al Feyez, Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Field Marshal Shanf Zaid Ibn Shaker, Chief Islamic Justice Sheikh Mohammad Mheilan, Amman Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Rawahdeh, the directors of the Public Security, Civil Oefence and General Intelligence

Soviets oppose enforcement of U.N. call for ceasefire until Iranian response is clearer

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) - The Soviet Union opposes Security Council enforcement measures in the Gulf conflict until Iran's response to a council ceasefire call becomes clearer, a senior Soviet official said Monday, Deputy Foreign Minister Vla-

dimir Petrovsky said: "Iran has displayed its readiness to continne its cooperation with the secretary-general and negotia-

tions are still going on."

"Iran's attitude deserves very serious attention," he said at a press conference he called while Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar was meeting visiting Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister Mohammad Jawad Larijani. Mr. Petrovsky and Mr. Lari-jani both came here for a U.N.

conference on disarmament due to open later Monday.

The Soviet minister suggested the Uoited States would not obtain Soviet support if it presses now for a second U.N. resolution to impose an arms embargo against Iran for failing to comply with the ceasefire demand.

"To speak of an arms embargo and further actions would be pre-mature." Mr. Petrovsky said. Iraq has accepted the July 20 resolution on condition that Iran observes it also.

Mr. Petrovsky called his press conference following reports of a oaval confrontation between Iran and the United States in the Gulf. He spoke of a disquieting situa-tion that he said threatened to get out of control. Renewing Moscow's demand

for withdrawal of foreign navies from the Gulf, he said the U.S. presence violated the Security Council's call for restraint by all

He said the Soviet Union would withdraw its six naval vessels from the Gulf if the United States withdrew its 41.

If foreign navies pulled out of the Gulf, he said, some mines

weepers could remain for a limited time to secure freedom of innocent shipping through the

waterway.

After Mr. Perez de Cuellar's 75-minute talk with the Iranian

they discussed "the issue of the war in its various aspects," as well as Iran's attitude towards the Security Council ceasefire resolu-

The spokesman called the talk friendly and useful, adding it would be continued fuesday. He said Mr. Perez de Cuellar had not authorised him to disclose any funber details.

The meeting, in which the secretary general was joined by his senior aide Diego Cordovez, was Mr. Perez de Cuellar's first highlevel discussions with Iran since the council resolution was ununimously adopted July 20, Iran so fur has neither accepted nor rejected the ceasefire demand.

Iranian President Ali Khamenei plans to visit New York and is expected to address the U.N. General Assembly on Sept. 23, officials said.

On Sunday, Mr. Larijani indicated Iran would reject the U.N. presence and brought the huge resolution, calling the plan "very armada in the region. So I think unfortunate.

But he said Iran would cooper-

minister, a U.N. spokesman said ate with efforts to bring peace to the region. In response, Richard W. Mur-

phy, U.S. assistant secretary of state for Neur Eastern and South Asian affairs, said be still beld out hope for the U.N. resolution, "... It was a negative response," Mr. Murphy said, "But once again, we did not hear Iran give us a categoric rejection of the resolu-

Mr. Larijani said: "Iran will he ready to cooperate fully with any effort which aims at bringing peace to the region." "But this resolution is a very unfortunate one, because from the minute of inception, both Iraq and the United States of America will embark on an action which really violates both the spirit and letter of the resolution.

"Iragis intensified and escalated their attacks on the ground and on the air, and the United States of America intensified its presence and brought the huge

(Continued on page 3)

Chad minister rules out Aouzou deal with Libya

LAGOS (Agencies) — Chad's the Aouzou border area, declined to comment about his perception disputed Aouzou strip, but he supported the latest efforts by the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) to resolve the conflict between the two countries.

Foreign Minister Gouara Lasson reiterated N'djamena's posi-tion and as the new OAU chairman, Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda, began his first peace mission. Mr. Kaunda is due to meet Lihya's Colooel Muam-mar Qadhafi later this week.

"We Chadians hope that he (Mr. Kaunda) will succeed in bringing Col. Qadhafi and his regime to their sense. We hope Qadhafi listens to him," Mr. Lassou told reporters.

The Aouzou Strip is a disputed region near the border between Libva and Chad. On Aug. 8, Chadian troops seized Aouzou, the main town in the 110,000square-kilometre stretch of land bearing the same name, ending 14 years of Libyan control.

Mr. Lassou, who briefed the Nigerian military government on the latest clashes with Libya in

out any deal with Lihya over the of Mr. Kaunda's views on the conflict.

He asserted the Chadian contention that his country inherited Aouzou at independence and it was a cardinal principle of the OAU that colonial frontiers were immutable. "Aouzou is located 100

kilometres south of Chad's internationally-recognised frontier... we are not going to cede one inch of o" territory to Libya," Mr. Lassoc said.

The government of President Hissene Habre would only enter peace talks with Col. Qadhafi once Libya had accepted Chadian sovereignty over all its territory including Aouzou, be said.
 Chad said on Sunday Libyan jets bombed two border settie-

ments and troops shot down two Libvan aircraft

A communique from the Cha-dian military command said Libya bombed the town of Aouzou. It also said the town of Bardai, about 160 kilometres southwest of Aouzou, had heen

3 killed in S. African strike; mine seeks talks

WELKOM. South Africa (Agencies) — Three black workers were killed in an upsurge of violence at South Africa's strike
us. I am very keen to bring it to an honourable end."

About 300,000 workers, campaigning for 30 per cent wage hit gold mines and the owners on Monday called for negotiations before more people die.

One worker was killed at the world's higgest gold mine complex near Welkom as a management ultimatum to 16,000 men to return to their jobs or be dismissed expired.

Two others died in weekend clashes between strikers and miners wanting to resume work at another mine, western areas. south of Johannesburg, the owners said.

We call on the NUM (National Union of Mineworkers1 to come back to the table before more people die. Bobby Godsell, head of industrial relations at the Anglo American mining conglomerate, told a news confer-

Anglo American, which has been worst hit by the two-weekold dispute, again refused to disclose production losses. But Mr. Godsell said: 'This strike has been a very expensive affair for trol. page 5

rives and other benefits, have hacked the NUM's strike at half South Africa's gold and coal Mr. Godsell said there were decisive indications of a return to work" following threats by the owners to close marginally-profit-

able pits and dismiss tens of thousands of men. At the President Steyn gold mine in Welkom, black workers, some bloodstained from their wounds, alleged said that guards with loudhailers woke strikers before dawn and ordered them

underground. Three previous deaths bave heen linked to the strike - a striker killed by security officers and two miners who authorities say may have been killed for defying the strike. The union says more than 320 strikers have been injured and 300 arrested.

Union leader exercises firm con-

Mahdi seeking to democracy in 'preserve Sudan presidency, decided to pull out of and protests which preceded the dent Al Sivassa to reveal the KHARTOUM (R) - Prime

Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi said Saturday the breakup of Sudan's coalition on Saturday, and efforts to replace it with a broad-based government, were part of a pro-cess to safeguard the country's democracy.

"We took a different road along the same course of building the nation and safeguarding democracy," he said, quoted hy Radio Omdurman, Sudan's state

"It is all part of the teething pains of democracy" added Mr. Mahdi, who came to power after a 1985 coup.

cause of death was asphyxiation," The Democratic Unionist Party (DUP), at odds with Mr. Mahdi's The statement also emphasised Umma Party since the election that the former deputy Fuehrer two weeks ago of a new member had left behind a suicide note. to Sudan's five-member Supreme Council, the country's collective

the 15-month-old coalition on Saturday. The 24-portfolio cabinet.

however, is functioning normally until a proposed national unity government is formed. Mr. Mahdi and DUP patron Mohammad Osman Al Mirghani have set Sept. 7 as the deadline for formation of a new government.

The outgoing cabinet was the first to be democratically elected in Sudan in nearly 20 years. The crisis between the two

parties began when Umma masterminded the defeat of a DUP nominee for a seat previously held by a DUP member on the Supreme Council.

The seat was won by Ummasupported Mirghani Al Nasri, a lawyer who played a pivotal role in instigating a wave of strikes

coup two years ago which toppled former President Jaafar Numeiri.

Radio Omdurman, meanwhile, quoted DUP leader Mirghani as calling on the outgoing govern-ment to resign before Sept. 7 as a orelude to the formation of a new government.

Umma and DUP members have occupied 17 portfolios in the government since it was reshuf-fled in June by Mr. Mahdi. They are expected to continue to hold key ministries in the proposed government.

Meanwhile the Interior Ministry threatened legal action against a leading Khartoum daily for publishing allegations that a cabinet minister received money from a foreign diplomat for classified information on his party.

The ministry told the indepen-

identity of the minister or face legal action, saying such allegations were serious and were viewed as a threat to national Al Siyassa on Saturday said the

minister received 500,000 pounds (\$200,000) for the information and said it would reveal his identity in a week unless he resigned or was sacked

In Monday's edition, the newspaper called on Mr. Mahdi to set up an official committee to investigate the allegations, adding that it was prepared to hand over what it termed evideoce to the

The newspaper on Saturday said it had a recording of a conversation between the minis-

ter and the diplomat. Mahdi faces problems, page 4

Kuwait seeks to raise number of U.S. flagged vessels to 13

Poll shows U.S. public supports Gulf policy

KUWAIT (R) — The Kuwait Oil Tanker Company (KOTC) is negotiating with Washington to charter two tankers that would bring to 13 the number of U.S.-flagged vessels in their fleet, according to a senior company official.

But the KOTC official, Capt. Tim Stafford, described as "nonsense" a U.S. press report that Britain was considering reflagging Kuwaiti vessels.

"We are hoping to charter two vessels," Capi. Stafford said. He added that the proposed deal with the Marine Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation was "still under discus-

States, if chartered by KOTC, would sail to Kuwit with full American crews, Capt. Stafford

Eight Kuwaiti tankers have been reflagged in the Gulf, and three more are due to hoist the Stars and Stripes by Sept. 5.
A report in the Washington
Post Monday said that Britain was considering joining the U.S.

in flagging Kuwaiti ships. Capt, Stafford said KOTC had no contacts with the British gov-ernment about reflagging tankers through the Gulf, while

GUADALCANAL IN THE

GULF (AP) - Although a

month has passed since the super-

tanker Bridgeton hit a mine in the Gulf, U.S. officers charged with protecting reflagged Kuwaiti tankers say they don't believe they have seen the last of the

explosives. Capt. Denis Tsukalas, 46-year-

old commander of the navy's

helicopter mine-hunting opera-tions based aboard this 18,000-

ton carrier, said the only reason

that more mines haven't been

found is that the Americans ha-

ven't looked in the most likely

said, is the deep-water sbip chan-nel off Farsi Island, a small out-

cropping in the northern Gulf that Iran has used for speedboat

and air attacks on shipping. It was in that channel that the 401,382-

escorted convoy of Kuwaiti ves-

sels sailing under the U.S. flag for

Capi. Tsukalas said it was no

protection from Iranian attack.

fluke that the mine that damaged

the Bridgeton was where it was,

and that it almost certainly was

"I know there are more mines

up there. The mine that hit the

Bridgeton was not just a lucky

shor," he told members of a

Pentagon-organised news pool

aboard the Guadalcanal. "And if

anybody knows where they are,

not the only one.

the Iranians do.

One of those, Capt. Tsukalas

"Should we need to fly the British flag on our vessels, we can

do so on a commercial hasis readily available under present U.K. marinme laws," he said, adding that KOTC had no such plans at present.

Meanwhile the United States, with a new poll showing public support, has vowed to keep warships in the Gulf even though policy makers acknowledge they did not expect the lask force to

grow as large as it has. A Time magazine poll released Sunday found that most Americans support the policy of having U.S. warships escort Kuwaiti oil tankers, but noted that some of those polled may have thought the oil was going to the United States when its probable destina-

tion is Western Europe or Japan.

The poll said 53 per cent of
Americans approved having U.S.

The Bridgeton and three other reflagged Kuwaiti tankers are

now being led back down the 830-kilometres route to the Strait of

Hormuz under naval escort. The

group left Kuwait's Al Ahmadi oil terminal on Saturday

Carrying what Kuwaiti officials

said was a 60 per cent load of

260,000 tons of crude oil, the

Bridgeton draws perhaps 15 feet (4.5 metres) less than the 75 feet (23 melres) it needs when fully loaded, U.S. officers say. It

therefore does not need to use

the deep channel where the mine

the deep channel where me mine danger was deemed greatest.

The convoy, the fifth overall and the second downbound since escort operations began on July 20, also includes the 81,283-ton

supertanker Sea Isle City, the 79,999-ton Ocean City, and the liquified gas carrier Gas King, 46,723 tons. Their escorts are the

Iran has publicly acknowledged

that it has shown mines in the

Gulf, saying it was to protect its

ported have been in international

waters or along the coast on the

Arabian side of the waterway,

Although the eight RH-53D

and outside the Gulf in the Gulf

Sea Stallion helicopters aboard

the Guadalcanal are equipped to

deal with a variety of mines types,

including acoustic and magnetic,

their efforts have been concen-

The only mine incidents re-

U.S. officers expect to find more mines in Gulf

28 per cent disapproved.

Sixty-six per cent said they believed the United States should retaliate militarily if a U.S. warship was struck by a mine, while 24 per ceni did not favour

The poll was published as the latest convoy of Kuwaiti tankers flying the American flag and their U.S. naval escort sailed down the Gulf halfway through the

The U.S. military presence has escalated from fewer than 10 navy ships to an armada of more than 40 ships and 20,000 men, an increase that was not completely anticipated, according to a top State Department official.

Richard Murpby, assistant secretary of state for Near East-ern and South Asian affairs, acknowledged the administration initially thought its reflagging of Kuwaiti tankers would require only a moderate increase in the U.S. military presence. He said the United States would stay as

long as necessary, however.
"Our presence will remain there as long as needed," Mr. Murpby said in a U.S. television

trated on the more primitive con-

tact-type mines because those are

the only ones discovered so far in

the Gulf, Capt. Tsukalas said. The model being found is of a Russian design, dating back to 1908 and used in both World

The mines sown in the Gulf

have been of the moored type — tethered to the bottom by a cable

or chain — and any found float-ing loose prohably broke free

rather than being dumped into the waters to drift, be said.

"It's by design that they we-ren't set to neutralise themselves if they broke loose," Capt. Tsu-kalas said. "These may be old but that can be done. The mine were

that can be done. The mine was built with that in mind."

signed by many countries after World War I stipulates among

other things that sea mines should

be mannfactured to render them-

selves harmless if they break

As the Guadalcanal sailed

down the Gulf on Sunday morn-

ing, its bridge officers and look-

outs, posted at key vantage

points, kept watch for suspicious

objects in the water, and about 10

a.fn. sent np a Sea Cobra helicop-

ter gunship to check and dispose

of one unidentified object sighted

gunship crew reported back that

the object was some kind of

Less than an hour later, the

After some minutes, the

off the carrier's port side.

floaring trash.

loose from their moorings. He said it was not known if

Iran abides by that ruling.

He said the Hague Convention

Wars I and II, he said.

go easy on 17 convicted bombers (the commitment) is open-ended whose release has been demanded by pro-Iranian Shi'ite Mus-lims holding American hostages in Lebanon, the Al Yakzeh magazine reported Monday. because the war will not endure all that long.

He said there were signs of an end to the Iran-Iraq war, which has dragged on for seven years and helped draw in more U.S. warships into the Gult.

Mr. Murpby cited the tremendous losses on both sides and more moderate statements prison terms" for terrorism.

"And we shall carry out the judicial rulings issued in their connection," he was quoted as from Tehran in recent weeks.

The United States hopes that Iran, which has sent diplomats to the United Nations this week, will announce acceptance of a U.N. ceasefire in the war.

In the latest convoy, the super-tanker Bridgeton and three other tankers were accompanied by four U.S. warships, including the amphibious assault ship and heli-copter carrier USS Guadalcanal.

Regional shipping sources, however, said the 401,382-tonne Bridgeton, which hit a mine on its inward journey to Kuwait, broke away with one escorting warship, the destroyer Kidd.

ings of the U.S. and French embassies and four civilian targets in which five people were killed and more than 80 One source said the ship might have taken a longer route through the central Gulf. The to death, but the executions have not yet been carried out. ship has a speed restriction and a deeper draft, the source said.

starboard and five to 10

banging over the placid waters. But a 3-inch (8 cm) gun crew and

the carrier's Sea Sparrow surface-

to-air missile batteries were

alerted and tracked the target.

The alert passed without inci-

Ugandan rebels

KAMPALA (AFP) — A Ugandan rebel group last June re-

ceived arms and military uni-

forms from Israel "with the help

and blessing of President Moi's

government" in neighbouring

paper claimed in its latest edition

The newspaper said the arms were sent to Peter Otai, Uganda's

former defence minister under

ousted president Milton Obote.

People's Front, which be formed

The Weekly Topic said the rebels had planned to attack

Soroti airport in eastern Uganda

from "certain powerful elements

in the U.S., Britain, Israel,

Ethiopia, Kenya, Zambia and Zaire," the newspaper claimed.

The supplies would originate

earlier this year in Nairobi.

Otal now leads the Uganda

Israel sent

arms to

The aircraft was never visible to the naked eye in the haze

kilometres away.

Syria executes bridge was on high alert again as the Guadalcanal's radar detected 5 convicted an unknown aircraft off to the

bombers

Kuwait

'will not go easy on'

17 bombers

KUWAIT (AP) - Interior

Minister Sheikh Nawaf Al

Ahmad bas said Kuwait will not

In an interview published in the

adding.

The assertions were made as the fundamentalist Islamic Jihad.

or Islamic Holy war, group was

reported to have renewed de-mands for the release of the 17 in

return for freeing the hostages.

The 17 Lebanese, Iraqis and Kuwaitis were convicted in 1984 for the December 1983 car bomb-

Three of the 17 were sentenced

DAMASCUS, Syria (AP) — Five Syrians convicted of bombing a train and a bus station in Damascus last year were ex-ecuted Monday, the official Sy-rian Arab News Agency (SANA) reported.

It said the bombers, all men, were "executed at dawn," but did not disclose where or bow the death sentences were implemented.

SANA said the two bombings, only bours apart on April 16, 1986, killed or wounded as many as 400 people. It did not give a casualty breakdown. At that time, Syrian authorities said the bombings claimed many victims, but gave no exact figures. The five were identified as Mowaffak Abbas Shartab, Abdul

Wahab Ibrahim Ismail, Ahmad Abdul Razzak Akkam, Mobammad Hassan Saleb and Khaled Munir Adi. SANA did not give their ages,

but all five appeared to be in their mid or late 20s when they were shown on television last year, after their arrests. Ahmad Hassan Eid, 27, a

Lebanese, was executed last year after he was found guilty of detonating a bomb-laden truck in Damascus on March 13, 1986. Several people were killed in that attack, but no official figures have been released.

Pentagon established 'secret' army after 1980 Iran incident — magazine At its peak, the organisation Soviet client, in return for Amer-

NEW YORK (AP) — The Pentagon set up wide-reaching clandes-tine units after its failed 1980 attempt to rescue American bos- Latin American countries, the the arrangement fell through, the Tehran, Time magazine reports.

The small, specially trained units are designed to operate more units such as the army Rangers and the navy Seals, Time said in its Aug. 31 edition.

In addition, the magazine said, a far-ranging intelligence organisation known as Intelligence Support Activity (ISA) gave the weekly and distributed by the Kuwait News Agency (KUNA), the minister affirmed that his army for the first time the ability country "will not show any leniency toward all those serving to conduct full-fledged espionage using field agents.

Maj. Greg McGuckin, a Pentagon spokesman, said Sunday he bad no comment on the report.

Somalia, Sudan and about 10 weapons. Time said. However, tages from the U.S. embassy in magazine said. Its personnel grew from about 50 at its inception to 283 in 1985, according to time.

The secret army was to be used covertly than older paramilitary in a second bostage-rescue expedition in Tehran, code-named Honey Badger, but the plan was never executed because of inadequate intelligence, Time reported, quoting unidentified

> Eight Americans were killed and five wounded in the April 24, 1980, attempt to rescue the hos-

tages held by Iran. The ISA, in late 1981 or early 1982, worked out a deal to obtain a T-72 Soviet tank from Iraq, a

had agents in Morocco, Nigeria, ican self-propelled artillers

magazine said. The ISA also become involved in an unauthorised plan for a 1981 raid into Laos to find Americans thought missing in action since

the Vietnam war. Secretary of Defence Caspar Weinberger was so incensed that be ordered the secret intelligence unit disbanded, but it survived to collect information on terrorists in Lebanon, among other activi-

ties, Time said. "The nnits still exist, but their morale and our ability to use them are in shambles," an unidentified special operations officer told the magazine.

Khamenei: Iran can pulverize U.S. forces

TEHRAN (R) - Iran said Mon- Council. day its forces could pulverize America's "paper tiger" forces in the Gulf in a matter of seconds if war breaks out between the two

The Iranian News Agency (IRNA) quoted President Ali Khamenei as saying the United States enjoyed arms superiority over Iran with its warships, long range missiles and many other

weapons.
"But the world is now well aware of the fact that Iranian forces are so powerful that they can set ablaze all these arms in a matter of seconds ..." Mr. Khamenei was quoted as telling a

meeting of prayer leaders. "If a war breaks out between Iran and the United States in the Gulf one day, Iran will deal shattering blows on American forces ..." said Mr. Khamenei, who also beads Iran's Snpreme Defence

He described U.S. forces in the Gulf as "paper tigers" which could be pulverized with a match-Meanwhile Iranian Foreign

Minister Ali Akbar Velayati said on Tehran Radio he boped Syria would resist pressure at an Arab League foreign ministers meeting in Tunis to withdraw support for Iran in the Gulf war.

Mr. Velayati said on the radio, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation, that Syria's position on the war was "favourable and progressive" and that Syria had always stood by Iran.

"There has been mention of some comings and goings and certain efforts by the reactionar-ies in the Arab World to draw Syria away from us. Naturally, there is a great deal of pressure on Syria, because one of America's biggest aims in this war is to

call it an Arab-Persian war," Mr.

He added: "Up to now, Syria has resisted well. We expect her to continue resisting and not forsake her fundamental stands."

Delegates at the special Arab League ministerial meeting said 4 its opening session Sunday was marked by a tough speech by Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal who severely criti-He called for "unanimous and

practical decisions to meet the challenges and obstinacy of the Tehran regime" and accused Iran of "terrorist and destructive" behaviour towards the Islamic and Arab Worlds and particularly towards its neighbours in the Gulf. Delegates said the new attitude

of Saudi Arabia, Syria's main financial backer, could modify the attitude of Damascus which has close ties with Tehran.

Egyptian group reports attack on SLA

BEIRUT (R) - A previously Army (SLA) militia patrol two unknown Egyptian organisation said Monday one of its fighters was missing after he attacked an Israeli-backed militia patrol in

South Lebanon. A typewritten statement from "the Arab Egypt Association" and delivered to local and international media in Beirut said an

It said a number of SLA fight-

ers in the patrol of six vehicles were killed or wounded in the attack south of Jezzine, about 70 kilometres south of the Lebanese capital. The area is under SLA

The SLA's radio station, Egyptian named Ali Abdul Rah-man Webbe launched his lone ambush of a South Lebanon South, reported last Saturday

that a guerrilla armed with a Kalashnikov rifle and grenades had been detained by its forces in

Monday's statement added: The Association renews its pledge to our people in Egypt and our strugglers against the Camp David accords and normalisation policy that it will continue its struggle in the footsteps of the leader Gamal Abdul Nasser."

Cyprus holds 3 Lebanese after robbery attempt

LARNACA, Cyprus (R) — A ple outside a botel in Larnaca Larnaca police recaptured both Larnaca court Monday ordered Sunday.

Larnaca court Monday ordered Sunday.

Larnaca police recaptured both Arab teenagers who escaped the detention of two Lebanese men and a woman while police probe an attempt to steal nearly a quarter of a million dollars in Arab currencies, court sources

Hicham Ali Hamdan, 26, Sibam Kobrofli, 42, and Charbil Antoun Wehbe, 30, appeared in court without a lawver and denied any involvement in the attempted robbery. They were remanded in custody for six days. Lebanese Toni Al Khoury and Hecham Itani had \$700,000 in Arab banknotes in their car when

they were stopped by three peo-

Two of them were armed with guns and bad stockings pulled over their beads and the third wielded a club, the court heard. Khoury was hit with the club but both he and Itani ran away. The court was told the assailants

left the scene after trying unsuccessfully to open the locked car Khoury who works for a Lebanese stockbroker, lives in Cyprus. Itani arrived Sunday from Lebanon with money to be

distributed to various countries, police sources said. In a separate development.

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn ... 642481/6 Akileh Maternity. J. Amn 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362

Faucume, Simersani 664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital 669131
University Hospital 345845
Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164/6
ttalian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Asbrafich 775111/26
Army, Marka

Malhas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shineisani

from prison while awaiting deportation, police sources said. Ismael Adnan Shker, 16, caught as a beach outside the town of Larnaca on Friday and George Tony Hanna, 17, was detained at the weekend in the same area. The two, who claim to be Palestinians, were charged last month with entering the island illegally in a stolen yacht and robbing a restaurant.

They had been given a threeyear suspended sentence by a Larnaca conrt and were held pending a decision on their deportation.

TV & RADIO

ton Bridgeton, the world's ixth guided-missile destroyer Kidd

largest tanker, hit a mine on July 24, during the first U.S. Navy- and Hawes.

own waters

of Oman.

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE 15.30 Koran 15:50 Programme review 15:55 Cartoons and children's prog-

JORDAN TELEVISION

18:30 Soccer 19:20 Local programme 19:50 Programme review and varieties News in Atabic 20:30 Arabic Series 21:30 Programme on Architecture PROGRAMME TWO

18:00 Andre Mahaux 19:00 News in French 19:15 les animais du Monde 19:30 News in Hebrew 19:45 Vatiettes 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Special programmie: The Muslim Conquest
....... Ohara (detective series) 22:00 News in English 22:20 The Unknown War

RADIO JORDAN 865 KHz, AM & 90 MHz, FM

& parth on 9500 KHz SW Tel: 73111-19	
67:00	
07:30 Newsder	ï
08:90 Murning Shar	
10:00	
10-10	ï
11:00 Fullow the Win	
12:00 News Summai	, ,
12:05 XI-Minute Theatr	
13:00 News Sunimar	
	ï
13:05 Pup Session Conte	
14:15 les terretats	ï
14:15 Instrumenta	II.
14:30 Pop Tal	1
15:00 Conceri Hou	1
16:00 New Summar	
16:05lpstrumental	ľ
16:36 Old F.o purite	
17:00 Science Report	Г
17:30 Pnp Sessio	ſ
18:09 New Summar	
18:05 Top Twent	١
18:30 Musi	ļ
19:00 News Des	
19:30	11
20:00 Evening Short	R
21:09 News 5ummar)
21:05 Evening 5how Conta	1
22:00 News Summar	٦

...... Evening Show Continued

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Musical Times Past 07:45 Ref lections 07:50 Financial News 08:00 World News 08:69 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Nature Notebook 08:45 Recording of the Week 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Counterpoint 19:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 Froatier 10:45 Network U.K. 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Persona Grata 11:30 Composer and Patron 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Good Books 12:30 Detective 12:45 Music for a While 13:00 News Summary: The Elements of Music 13:30 Half-Hour Orama: Persuasion 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 Sportsworld 14:25 Spurtsworld 14:30 Album Time 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Huan 15:45 Spurts Round-up 16:00 World News Radio Newsreel 15:15 Huax 15:45
Sparts Round-up 16:09 World News
16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30
Sportsworld 16:45 Sportsworld 17:50
News Summary: Outlank 17:45 Missical Times Past 18:00 Radio Newsreel
18:15 Questions of Faith 18:45 Kings of
Swing 19:00 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15 Oninibus 19:30 Per-forming Early Music 20:18 The History of Radio Comedy 20:30 Open Door Policies 20:40 Book Choice 20:15 The History of Radio Comedy 20:50 Sports Round-up 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 De-velopment 87 22:10 Book Choice 22:00 News Summary: Outbook 24:00 News Summary: Stoddart Duwn Under 09:15 From the Proms 01:00 Here's Health! 02:15 New Waves on the Shortwave 02:30 All the Fun of the

VOICE OF AMERICA

MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz 06:09 News 6:10 Newsline 06:39 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 67:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 98:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 09:00 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 09:00 News 09:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Shuw 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA 23:60 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 24:10 World Report

WHAT'S GOING ON TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

An exhibition of plastic art by Mohammad Al Keswani at the Hous-ing Bank Gallery (until Sept. 15).

" An exhibition of photographs by Munir Al Asi at the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation | until August 25). An art exhibition by Mohammad Police and Munira Al Tunisiyyah at the Plaza Hotel.

An exhibition entitled "Roma Today" at Amount Hotel.

CULTURAL CENTRES

Y.W.M.A. 064251 Amman Municipal Library 637111 Univ. of Jordan Library ... 843555 MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science "Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:100 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.
Folklore Museum: Jewelry and coslumes over Ital years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th

centuries]. The Roman Theatre, Amcenturies]. The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-tound. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qui'a [Citadel Hill]. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10 00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. holidays 10 in a.m. 10 4.iii p.m.j. Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection ul paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Munta-zah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128. Martyrs' Memorial (Millinry

Moseum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amnuan Lious Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lious Philadelphila Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphila Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. p.m. Royal Antomobile Club. Jabal Am-man. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. De la Salle Cherch | Roman Catholic)

Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church [Ruman Catholic], Terrasanta Church (Ruman Calhole), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lan-guage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abduli, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman. Tel. 625383. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich. Tel. 771331,
Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich. Tel. 775261.
St. Ephralm Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich. Tel. 771751.
Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern
Baptist School in Shmeisanl. Tel.
677531

Evangelical Lutheran Church Amman. Arabic Service: Sunday 7:00 p.m. Rainbow Congregation, English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Rev. N. 5mir. Tel. 811295. QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oveen Alia International Airport Tel. (18) 53:200-5. where it should always be verified.

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

 06:45
 Singapore. Kuala Lumpur (RJ)

 07:20
 Muscal (add.) (RJ)

 08:15
 Bucharest (RJ)
 Dubai, Abu Ohabi (RJ) 18.35 New York, Vienna (RJ) 19:00 Paris, Brussels (RJ) 19:05 Copenhagen, Frankfurt (RJ) 19:15 istanbul (RI)
20:40 Tripoli | RI]
21:15

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminat 2)

... Cairo (MS) Moscow (SUI Muscai, Doha (GF) 14:35 t6:10 Kuwail (KU) Riyadh (SV) Kuwait jadd.) (KUj Zurich, Lamaca (5R) t9:t5 20:10

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

Tripoli (RJ)
Rome (RJ)
Vienna, New York (RJ)
Belgrade, London (RJ)
Geneva, Madrid (RJ) t1:45 t1:45 t2:66 t3:09 ... 13:15 ... Kuwait (RJ) 20:40 20:50 Dhahran (RJ) . Bahrain, Doha (RJ) 2t:t5 Cairo (RJ)
Daniascus (RJ)
Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

FOR THE TRAVELLER OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

09-30 Beirut (ME)
14-95 Cairo (MS)
14-45 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscal 15:30 Kuwaii (add.] (KU) 15:00 Moscow (5U) 15:35 Kuwaii (KU) 17:46 Riyadh (SV) 21:40 Kuwaii ladd, | KU) **00:30** Lisbon, Rio de Janeiro (IA)

MONEY EXCHANGE Monday rates Local sell/buy rates in fils

Belgian franc 89.6/90.7

Dutch guilder 165.1/167.3

French franc 55.7/56.4

Italian lira 25.7/26

Japanese yen (for 100) 236.9/241.1

Smallich groups 53.1/153.8 Japanese yen (for 100) Swedish crown
 Swedish crown
 33.0

 Swiss franc
 225.2
 228.6

 U.K. sterling pound
 552.2
 559.1

 U.S. dollar
 339.6
 343

 W. German mark
 186.0
 188.6

PRAYER TIMES

06:07 12:38 20:31 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be fair. Some scattered low clouds will appear in the morning and the winds will be northwesterly moderatc. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and calm sea.

Jordan Valley Yesterday's high temperatures: Agman 30.5, Aqaba 37.5. Humidity readings: Amman 32 per cent. Aqaba 26 USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS

OSEFUL TELI	PHONE NOS.				
EMERGENCIES	GENERAL				
Amman governorale	Jordan Television				

Overseas calls NIGHT DUTY

Telephone Information
Jordan and Middle East calls

Dr. Othman Mustafa
Dr. Zein Zaghlool
Dr. Ranzi Mezzawi
Dr. Walid Yacoub 774024 638591 89478\$ Abu Ghazalah pharmacy Ai Sayed pharmacy
Jabai Ai Taj pharmacy
Al Sofa pharmacy Kayyali taxi Taxina taxi Tamer taxi 6n6476 842474 842409 736428 Raqab taxi

983024

Dr. Mazen Abu Baker Sedoon pharmacy (—) Sharaa' pharmacy (—) ZARQA: Dr. Abdul Karim Khashashach A1 Sheffa pharmacy

MARKET PRICES

. 636140

... 664171/4

Onion (dry)
Orange (local) Okra Peaches ····· 520 / 460 Pears
Pepper (hot) 250 / 20n Eggplant (large) 280 / 240
Eggplant (small) 180 / 100
Gartie 800 / 200 Raddish (gmen) 800 / 700



Iraqi industry minister meets with Muasher

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jorda-man-Iraqi Industries Company's (IIIC) achievements and projects were reviewed during a meeting of the company's general assem-bly held Monday in the presence of Minister of Supply, Industry and Trade Rajai Muasher and Iraqi Minister of Industry Hatem Abdul Rashid, who arrived here earlier Monday.

During the meeting, the two sides discussed the possibility of setting up new company-owned industries to enhance cooperation between Jordan and Irao.

In an arrival statement, Mr. Abdul Rashid praised Jordan's pan-Arab efforts, and referred in particular to Jordan's unique and enginal stand towards Iraq. In an arrival statement Mon-

day, Mr. Abdul Rashid said his visit to Jordan is aimed at study-

ing the situation of the Jordanian-Iraqi Industries Company and expressed the hope that iodustrial cooperation and integration between Iraq and Jordan be ex-

Mr. Abdul Rashid, who is on a three-day official visit to Jordan, added that he will review the company's projects to set up new strategic industries, which will not only benefit Jordan and Iraq, but also the whole Arab region.

The minister is accompanied oo the visit by the Iraqi Ministry of Industry's under secretary. Usama Abdul Razzaq, and senior officials from the JIIC.

Mr. Abdul Rashid and the accompanying delegation were received upon arrival at the airport by Dr. Muasher and Under Secretary Mohammad Al Saggaf. and senior Iraqi embassy offi-



The Jordanian-Iraqi Industries Company holds its general assembly meeting Monday. In attendance is the visiting Iraqi Minister of Industry Flatem Abdul

Rashid and Minister of Supply, Industry, and Trade Rajai Muasher (Petra photo).

Arab anti-narcotics panel adopts Jordanian plan

nan-Arab conference on narco-tics control concluded here Sunday after adopting a Jordanian ment of a joint Arab fund, to be based in the Arab Interior Ministers Council's secretariat.

in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Col. arises, and at the re

TINIS (Petra) - The fourth Jordan's Narcotics and Forgery Control Department, said the conferees have recommended the approval of a Jordanian proposal for the formation of a mobile investigation team within the council's secretariat. The team will be entrusted with following up on the investigations of narcotics cases whenever the need arises, and at the request of the

Saudi ambassador praises King's efforts to promote Arab solidarity

AMMAN (Petra) — Saudi Ara-bia's ambassador to Jordan, and Islamic commitments. said that the two sides reviewed the Iranian threats to the Arab Mohammad Al Fahd Al Issa, voiced his country's appreciation Monday for the efforts of His at a meeting with Foreign Minis-Majesty King Hussein to achieve try Secretary General Nabih Al solidarity among Arab states. He Nimer with wbom he reviewed also expressed support for Jor- Arab affairs, particularly the dan's endeavours on the pan-situation in the Gulf. Arab level which, he said, are in

The ambassador was speaking Jordan News Agency, Petra,

states in the Gulf region and the ongoing Arab foreign ministers meeting in Tunis being held to discuss the situation in the Gulf conflict, especially the imple-mentation of the U.N. Security Council resolution to end the

Doctors perform Jordan's 1st balloon heart valve operation

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Jordanian heart patients suffering a constriction of the aortic valve may soon be able to go through a simple procedure to enlarge the valve, and avoid complicated heart surgery.

The method, called "balloon for his lungs and liver. valvuloplasty," involves inserting a guide wire through the brachial artery in the arm, into the narrowed heart valve and then into the left ventricle. A balloon catheter is then inserted over the guide wire into the valve. Then, the balloon catheter is inflated for 20

According to Dr. Harran Zureikat, the heart specialist who performed this procedure for the first time in Jordan Sunday, "the balloon then penetrates the leaflets of the aortic valve and opens

At the end of this procedure, another catheter is introduced to measure the blood pressure in the left ventricle and aorta, "and if there is a significant reduction, then this indicates success." he

Dr. Zureikat and a specialised medical team performed the op-eration on Mohammad Faraj Al Salaimah, 40, who had been suffering from severe narrowing of the aortic valve for six months, which resulted in complication "As Mr. Salaimah's health de-

teriorated, surgery was ruled out. We had to look for another procedure to save his life." Dr. Zureikat said in an interview with the Jordan Times Monday. He also said that the whole procedure took only one hour and was successful. The patient was discharged Monday.

Dr. Zureikat performed the procedure at Al Khalidi Hospital with a medical team composed of Dr. Subail Saleh, heart surgeon, Dr. Natasha Al Naber, heari spe-cialisi. Dr. Mahmoud Keilani, and a team of technicians, headed b. Mr. Ibrahim Olayan.

The method was discovered about two years ago. So far it is only available in very few specialised centres around the world," the surgeon said. He added that the "result is immediately known, but so far, we do not know the long-term effects of the opera-

There are two types of patients on whom this operation can be performed so far. "It has only een performed on two types of patients, the very old, who would be unable to undergo major operation was performed in Jor-surgery and some younger pa- dan in Aug. 1985.

tients, whose left ventricle, which is considered to be the main pumping instrument in the heart.

is severely diseased." he said. Dr. Zureikat added that "the procedure could also he performed on very small children. whom, if they underwent surgery

to replace the valve, would soon outgrow it. The doctor estimates the mortality risk at 5 per cent and the chance of very good results at 50 per cent, the chance of moderate results at 25 per cent, and the chance of poor results at 25 per cent." In this last category the

valve simply doesn't open." he

Dr. Zureikai added that. although the operation is not very widely used and is "not developing very fast, because the longterm results are not yet known. there is still the possibility that in the next few years the method will be more widely known and used on all types of patients."

Three patients who underwent heart transplants at the Queen Alia Heart Institute last month left the institute Monday, after doctors said they could lead normal lives. The recovery of the three parients. Hussein Abbadi, 31. Sabri Elayyan, 46. and Ilham Yousef, 25, raises to seven the number of the people who have successfully undergone heart transplant operations at the institute. The first heart transplant

W.German minister to finalise ACC aid accord

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — West German Economic Cooperation Minister Hans Klein will start a five-day official visit to Jordan Sunday on a mission expected to further enhance existing relations.

. During his stay, Mr. Klein, and .a. high-level accompanying delegation, will bold talks with senior Jordanian officials, including Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, and Planning Minister Taher Ka-

- It was not confirmed on Monday whether Mr. Klein will be received in audience by His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince

According to Carola Muller first secretary at the West Germusicinhassy in Amman, Mr. Klein's visit aims at "getting first hard information" on Jordan's socio ecodomic development and on the progress of the numerous ont Jordanian-West German de-

the Aqaba thermal power station and the port of Aqaba, the Schneller refugee camp, and a number of Jordan's tourist and historical sites.

The minister's visit follows a recently reported West German pledge to extend 70 million Deutch marks (\$39 million) in soft loans to Jordan for the next two years. The loans, 4.5 per cent interest would bave a 20-year maturity with a five-year grace period, under a technical and financial agreement signed by Jordan and West Germany this

Under the accord, \$19 million would go to a sewerage project in northern Jordan, \$4.4 million to the Agricultural Credit Corporanon, the Industrial Development Bank would receive \$5.5 million, and phase three of a feasibility study on oil sbale productioo in Lujjoun, in southern Jordan, would get \$4 million.

In addition, Mrs. Muller told the Jordan Times that the agreement to provide \$5.5 million for minister and the organisation during bis stay in Jordan.

Mr. Klein is accompanied by officials from his ministry, the Foreign Affairs Ministry, and 19 journalists.

The newly-appointed federal minister. a Christian Democrat, during the period 1959-1965, served as press attache at his country's embassies in Jordan, Syria, Iraq, and Indonesia. An economist and historian by

education, Mr. Klein became a member of the federal parliament in 1976. In addition, he has held several key positions in his country, such as press relations chief for the 1972 Summer Olympic Games held in Munich, and foreign policy spokesman for the Christian Democratic Party (CDU) and its allied Bavarian party, the Christian Social Union (CSU), from 1982-1987.

After the United States, West Germany is the secood largest non-Arab provider of foreign economic assistance to Jordan, according to official reports avail-

dan through other regional and international organisations, such as the European Community (EC), the World Bank, the World Health Organisation (WHO), and the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO).

West Germany has maintained the same level of technical assistance and financial aid to Jordan as in the previous two-year programme. This stable West German assistance to Jordan reflects earlier statements made by a number the republic's officials, In an interview with the Jordan

Times last year, Gunter Bonnet who was then in charge of Jorda nian, Syrian, and Lebanese eco nomic affairs at the federal Minis try for Economic Cooperation, said his country does not contemplate any future reductions in its technical and financial aid programme for Jordan. "Although we believe that Jordan has reached a well developed socio-economic level in comparison with other developing countries, West Germany will continue to help the Kingdom carry out its various development projects," said Dr.

jani would deliver an acceptance

in talks with Mr. Perez de Cuellar

'If Iran continues to stall, we

"It is increasingly clear that

Oakley also defended the U.S.

further U.N. action will be neces-

policy of escorting Kuwaio tank-

ers put under the protection of

the American flag attacked in a

controversial congressional re-

Democratic-controlled House of

Representatives Armed Services

Committee, said the policy was

designed chiefly to check an ex-

pansion of Soviet influence in the

All 17 Republican members of

She said preventing an expan-

the committee objected to the

report and Oakley said it was an

sion of Soviet influence was only

one of four main elements of a

policy that also included ensuring

the free-flow of oil through a

waterway vital to the West, help-

ing friendly states defend them-

selves against Iranian threats and

checking possible expansion of

sole rationale of our policy is an

over-simplification of the policy-

"To single out any one as the

over-simplification.

the war.

The report, released by the

port released on Saturday.

believe the (U.N.) Security

Council must move ahead to con-

she said.

MINISTER OPENS MOSQUE: Minister of Awqaf

and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat inaugurates a new mosque set up by Haj Mahmoud Al Himsi in Al Muhajireen area, downtown Amman. Attending the inauguration ceremony were Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh, a number of senators and deputies, and Ministry of Awgal and Islamic Affairs Under Secretary Abdul Salam Al Abbadi (Petra photo).

Islamic cities' group to

review summit decisions IRBID (Petra) - A three-day Municipality, will also review a

Abdul Razzak Tubeishat.

Islamic cities will discuss the organisation's activities and plans

meeting of the Islamic Capitals
Organisation's administrative

decision by the Fourth Islamic
Summit Conference to establish Tubeishat said.

cities of Rivadh, Mecca, Medina, Cairo, Tunis, Rabat, Baghdad, Jerusalem, Istanbul, Ankara, and Bamako, in addition to Amman.

council will begin in Irbid Satur-day, according to Irbid Mayor salem and Islamic capitals, Dr. The meeong will be attended He said that delegates from 12 by delegates representing the

The meeting, which is being held at the invitation of Irbid

But she appeared pessimistic. for the coming year. "We have not seen, in what they bave said, any indicacion that they are going to be respon-

Arab boycott bureau ends

Tawalbeh, assistant director of tbe Customs Department, returned to Amman from Damascus Sunday evening, after participating in a meeting of the Arab Bureau for Boycotting Israel

The meeting of ABBI's representatives from Arab countries passed a number of recommendations, including one calling for the establishment of an Arab-European chamber of commerce to confront the activities of the Israeli-European Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Tawalbeh said.

all Arab states to abide by ABBI all Arab states open ABBI offices

The meeting, which ended LIORS.

Mr. Tawalbeh said that the delegates reviewed a report on current information campaigns and hostile statements being levelled against ABBI, and set up a body to counter such campaigns and to explain the ABBI's objec-

It was reported earlier that the delegates decided to boycott 33 companies of different nationalitions and removed 11 others from

meetings in Damascus

(ABBI) in Damascus.

He said that the meeting urged

Saturday evening, also recom-mended the formation of a technical committee to meet in Damascus in the first half of December to discuss amendments to ABBI's laws and regula-

resolutions, and requested that ties for violating ABBI's regula-

Information committee to discuss Arab media issues mission of cultural programmes TUNIS (Petra) — The Arab In-

formation Standing Committee, an Arab League affiliate, began its 43rd session here Monday. They will discuss issues pertaining to pan-Arab information coordination, including the role of the Arabsat in relaying cultural information, news and television programmes. The committee will also discuss the role of Arab information networks in the international arena.

Also on the session's agenda are subjects related to holding mobile exhibitions and the trans-

through Arab satellites. These satellites are designed to expose other countries to Arab culture. and to brief them on the condition of Arab-international friendship societies.

High on the meeting's agenda for discussion are the condition of information institutions in the occupied Arab territories and means for supporting them.

Jordan's delegation to the meeting is headed by Director General of the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, Ali Safadi.

Council completes centres

camp, south of Amman.

An aonouncement stated that one of the two centres will be used to belp revive national beritage through training courses oo traditional art. The other will offer care to mothers,

closes planning session AMMAN (Petra) — Hassan that these seminars will tackle the health situation in the Israeli-held

Arab Doctors Federation

Khreis, secretary-general of the Arab Doctors Federation (ADF). has returned to Amman after taking part in the ADF's general secretariat meeting in Damascus, which ended Sunday evening.

In a statement made upon his return, Dr. Khreis said that the meeting focused on making arrangements for holding a general Arab medical conference in Cairo early next year, and the agenda of subjects to be discussed there. These subjects include primary health care, infectious and endemic diseases in the Arab. World, and modern trends in

Several medical seminars will take place during the conference, Dr. Khreis pointed out. He said

Arab territories, health schemes in force in the Arab World, and the prospect of arabising medical books for university students. The secretariat meeting discus-

sed the administrative and financial matters of the federation, and the ADF's secretariat meeting in Tunts next month.

Before leaving Damascus, Dr. Khreis held a meeting with the president of the Syrian Medical Association to discuss developing cooperation between the Jordanian and Syrian medical associations. The president of the Jordanian Medical Association, Dr. Mamdouh Al Abbadi, accompanied Dr. Khreis to the meeting.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Coffee prices lowered

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Supply, Industry and Trade Rajai Muasher issued Monday a defence order lowering the prices of roasted and ground coffee by 30 fils per 250 grammes. According to the defence order, the 250 grammes of lightly roasted and ground coffee with cardamom will be sold at 500 fils; the semi-black coffee will be sold at 530 fils; and black coffee will be sold at 550 fils. The defence order, which will take effect Wednesday, stipulated that roasted and ground coffee should be free from any impurities and that it should be made from green

GUVS head reviews projects in Ma'an

MA'AN (Petra) - President of the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) Abdullah Al Khanb presided Monday over meeting of the GUVS administrative committee in Ma'an Governorate and reviewed with the committee members the existing and future projects in the governorate. Dr. Khatib also patronised the graduation of kindergarten teachers in the governorate, who enrolled in a five-day course organised by the GUVS' social studies and research centre. Participants received training in computers and basic educational concepts.

Zarga Governorate development reviewed

ZARQA (Petra) - A U.N. regional planning expert currently working for the Planning Ministry met in Zarqa Monday with the mayors of Zarqa, Al Hashemiyyeh, Al Sukhneh and Ruseifa. During the meeting, they reviewed development projects of the municipalities in Zarqa over the past year. They also discussed problems facing these municipalities such as shortage of resources, continuing population growth, and pollution in the Zarqa River from neighbouring factories. The meeting also reviewed JD 9 million worth of projects included in the municipalities' plans for the next three years.

Jordan to attend Arab council meetings

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan is to take part in the meetings of the Arab Economic and Social Council, which will be held in Tunisia Sept. 1. During the meetings, the council will discuss several topics dealing with Arab trade, and specialised Arab organisations. The council will also discuss the latest economic developments in the Arab World and Arab presence at international organisations. Minister of Supply. Industry and Trade Rajai Muasher will head Jordan's delegations to these meetings.

Stamps to be issued for university jubilee

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Communications announced recently that it is issuing commemorative stamps to mark the University of Jordan's silver jubilee. A statement said that the stamps of 60 and 80 fils denominations will be in circulation at all post offices as of Wednesday, Sept. 2, which marks the beginning of the jubilee celebrations at the university. The statement explained that the stamps serve as an expression of the deep appreciation of Jordanians for the role played by the university over the past 25 years in bettering economic and social life in the Kingdom by producing trained, skilful Jordanians.

Jordan to attend Islamic economic panel

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan will take part in the meetings of the standing committee charged with supervising economic cooperation among Islamic countries. The meeting, due to begin in Istanbul Sept. 7, will be attended by Dr. Taher Kanaan, minister

the Agricultural Credit Corporaable to the Jordan Times. This, elopment projects. tion, as specified in the June however, does not include Geraccord, will be finalised by the man contributions made to Jor-He is expected to tour the Royal Scientific Society (RSS).

Soviets see enforcement of U.N. ceasefire call as premature (Costinued from page 1)

this resolution from the day of inception was in trouble.' Mr. Murphy said Mr. Larijani's talks with Mr. Perez de Cuellar were a critical one in determining whether Iran accepts or rejects the resolution. Nevertheless, the United States supports a second U.N. resolution imposing an we think that the time has come for work on a second resolution which would give teeth to the original resolution of July

20th," Mr. Murphy said. We are discussing it within the Security Council right now. I think there are prospects... for agreement. Exactly when they can be achieved, we will see. But I think there are good prospects."

The comments by Mr. Murphy and Mr. Larijani were made in a second version of NBC-TV's "Meet the Press" programme. In an earlier show, the network interviewed Mr. Murphy, hut not Mr. Larijaoi, due to technical in the first programme. Mr.

Marphy said that while the Unned States is maintaining its military presence in the Gulf, with its Scorts of Kuwait oil tankers. through the war-torn Gulf, it also s pursuing its diplomatic option. On the politic diplomatic side, we are going full bore at the United Nations, in the Security Council, to get a comprehensive casefire," Mr. Murphy said.

The assistant secretary said the United Stales would welcome a neeting with Mr. Larijani, but said the administration was not presently pursuing that possi-

In the second programme, Mr. Larijani said he would accept a meeting as common courtesy, but did not see any reason to meet with U.S. officials to discuss a

in the initial show, Mr. Murphy said that although the United States favours a ceasefire in the war, the administration would work to contain the Iranian regtime and its revolution the way it sought after World War II to

contain the Soviet Union. "We do not believe the Iranian revolution should be imposed on its neighbours, most of whom are Arab-Sunni neighbours," Mr.

Mr. Murphy said the administration was "very satisfied" with the support it bas received from the Arab states. However, he would not comment on a published report that Saudi Arabia had agreed to let carrier-based U.S. combat planes in the Gulf land in Saudi territory for refuelling and other logistical support.

Saudi Arabia denied the report on Sunday. In another development, Mr. Murphy confirmed that Ambassador William Eagleton was to return to his post in Syria. The Associated Press reported last week that President Reagan bad decided to send Mr. Eagleton back to Damascus around Sept ...

But Mr. Murpby said Mr. Eagleton's return was not in response to the release last week of American hostage Charles Glass. "Ambassador Eagleton's re-

turn to Damascus is not related to the hostage release, to the release of Charlie Glass or any other aspect of hostage detention in Lebanon, be said. "His return is a further acknowledgement of the Syrian efforts over the past year to contain terrorism. In the second programme, Mr.

Larijani said Iran would offer "humanitarian help" to free the hostages, but called for negooations on the release of the American hostages and prisoners beld in Israel and Kuwait. Mr. Murphy said he saw no basis for a deal to free the

Following his talks with Mr. Perez de Cuellar on Monday, Mr. Larijani said his government looks for a positive result from the ceasefire resolution.

Mr. Larijani conferred also with the president of the council, Hans Lautenschlager of West

Germany. Neither the United Natioos nor the Iranians would disclose details of the cooversation. Mr. Larijani told reporters:

We hope that something posi-

tive can be cooked out of this resolution. "Iran is ready and it is its duty and its right and in its interest to work towards a comprehensive settlement of the conflict and peace and stability io the area,"

Mr. Larijani said.

'We will cooperate with any authentic move that aims at peace on Monday and Tuesday. and security in the whole region positively, concretely, and hon-

estly."

He said there was a standing invitation to Mr. Perez de Cuellar sive," she said. to visit Tehran for talks and be was free to raise whatever question he wisbed. The timing for a visit was np to the secretary- sider enforcement measures," general, he said.

Mr. Perez de Cuellar has said he will go only if he has assurances of a positive outcome. Mr. Larijani said the Gulf situation was at a very sensitive stage and required close review of

all issues involved. Asked about past Iranian demands for the removal of the present Iraqi government, he said this was a matter for the Iraqi people. "I don't think this government has any chance of survival," he said, adding: "This is

another issue." Mr. Larijani said the council's resolution fell short of a comprehensive prescription for a solution to the conflict but Iran would cooperate in any comprehensive

approach. Comprehensive means something which contains everything, from A to Z," he said. It was not a question of whether Iran would comply with the resolution, but what practical, meaningful steps we can take.

The United States suggested strongly on Monday its patieoce with Iran's failure to accept the ceasefire call was running out, saying it was increasingly clear further measures were necessary.

State Department spokeswoman Phyllis Oakley told reporters Washington hoped Mr. Lari-

(Continued from page 1) because of inter-Arab disputes. Algeria, which has good relations with both Tehran and Baghdad, proposed fresh mediation to settle the conflict. Several Alge-

rian mediation efforts bave failed in the past. Delegates said Syria, a close friend of Iran and rival of Iraq, tries.

"Such a conclusion that we have had a knee-jerk reaction is misleading. We have a comprehensive, cohereot Gulf policy." Arab League continues talks

making process," she said.

They said Saudi Arabia and others sought to reactivate the 1950 Arab Mutual Defence Pact. which considers any aggression against ao Arab country as an aggression against all Arab coun-

ure from Saudi Arabia to be firm

was inclined to side with Algeria because it was under strong press-

AL JIZEH (Petra) — The World Council of Churches has completed the construction of two community and service ceotres at Al Talibieh Palestinian refugee

جوران عُبَرَ يومية عربية سياسية سنطلة تصعر بالاسطيزية عن المؤسسة المسطية الأردنية

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Precursor to summit?

ARAB foreign ministers are currently meeting in Tunis to discuss the situation in the Gulf. They are not doing so for the first time, nor is their meeting likely to be the last. However, there have been some very important developments since the Arab League last met on the subject of the Gulf war, and we expect the gathering to rise to the challenge of

The news from Tunis is that the ministers are expected to adopt "a hard fine" against Iran but without going as far as recomme Arab ties with Tehran be totally severed. The Arab delegates, we hear, are divided on a policy with "radicals" favouring n moderate stand and "the moderates" taking a tough line.

Reading the reports from Tunis, it appears that the strongest measure the Arab meeting is likely to adopt is to urge the United Nations to apply sanctions against Tehran for ignoring the Security Council's appeal as contained in Resolution 598 for an immediate ceasefire which Iraq has accepted. But even then, there are no guarantees of action by the United Nations and its member states. Back to square one? We really do not know. But reality suggests we

Ever since the beginning of the Iran-Iraq war, Arab states, along with the international community, have been rebuffed time and again by Tehran's refusal to respond to diplomatic overtures. And those, like the Americans, who wagered on diplomacy with the Khomeini regime (though secretly) to improve hilateral relations and safeguard their interests through so-called Iranian moderates, are still paying the price of their short-sightedness. France has been yet another recent victim of diplomacy with Iran. Paris severed ties with Tehran after realising that diplomacy with the Khomeini regime was a pipe dream that should not be pursued. This is not to mention the failure of Arab and international mediation efforts to end the war,

The rulers of Iran seem to have one only consideration when dealing with the rest of the world; The consideration of power towards the success of the revolution. Come what may, the Iranians are determined to dominate the Gulf region, even if it takes buying weapons from America, the "great satan" or even Israel, the smaller

The Iranians will not bend to diplomacy. Their aim remains that of exporting the revolution to the whole region, if not the world. They have been fighting a bloody war for seven years towards that goal and responding to diplomatic niceties is the last thing on their mind.

In the meantime, if the Arab ministers meeting in Tunis faits to take practical steps to respond to the major danger, the meeting threatens to become a further confirmation of Arab paralysis. Between the so-called Arab moderates and radicals, and between those who realise the gravity and dimensions of the Iranian threat and those who think they will be spared the raging fires of the Gulf, Iran will be scoring a political victory that it badly needs to continue its war against the Arabs. The Arab foreign ministers have a great challenge to meet. If they cannot agree among themselves on what should be done to stem the Iranian threat, the least they could do is to recommend that their leaders take up the challenge. The Tunis meeting would do well to be a precursor to the long-awaited 13th Arah summit.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Painful realities

HIS Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan's statements in an interview with Radio Monte Carlo places us face to face with painful realities which cannot be ignored or overlooked. Prince Hassan pointed to important and serious situations which should be handled before it is too late and before it becomes impossible for us to deal with the situation in the Gulf region. Prince Hassan spoke about the dangerous attempts by the major world powers against the Arab region in the Gulf and against the Arah Nation's interests there. These powers want to protect their own rights and their interests at the expense of the Arab Nation's interests and they continue to impose their hegemony on the Arabs under any pretexts and excuses. The U.S. and Western military interference in the Gulf cannot be taking place for the sake of protecting the Arah Nation's interests nor do we believe that the presence of naval forces will lead to an end to the Gulf conflict. The major powers are in the Gulf to protect their own interests and are there to deal with side effects of the Gulf conflict which and not the war itself. Prince Hassan wondered about the role of the Arab states bordering the Red Sea in the face of Israel's plots against the Arah and Islamic identity and also referred to the Western powers' ill-behaviour towards the Arabs and Islamic nations which in the past contributed to the progress and prosperity

Al Dustour: Test for Arab will

THE Arah League Council opened a meeting at the foreign-ministers level in Tunis to discuss the current Arah situation and the ongoing Gulf conflict. This meeting, which was called by Tunisia to handle the fast moving developments and events in our Arah region, will serve as a real test for the sincerity and the capability of the Arab countries in confronting challenges and in showing cohesion in the face of common dangers. The meeting will show clearly whether the Arab states are really interested in honouring their national commitments and helping one another in the face of an external threat like the Iranian aggression on Iraq. This meeting at the Arab League in Tunis should be considered as one of the most crucial meetings and as a real turning point in joint Arah action which was lacking over the past years. The very critical conditions through which the Arab Nation is passing, and the events in the Gulf add to the importance of the Tunis meeting which should find a way out of the present dilemma and the danger that threatens all Arabs. We hope that the Arab League will arrive at a definite solution that can help end the Iran-Iraq war and we also hope that a joint Arab stand will be effective in this direction and in achieving an end to bloodshed.

Sawt Al Shaab: Hopes in Tunis meeting

THE Arab foreign ministers have opened an extraordinary meeting in Tunis to deal with the ongoing Gulf war and the other hot issues of our region which has become a scene for violence threatening the future of the Arab Nation. The ministers meet amid a complicated situation in the Gulf and against a background of dangers and threats to the Arab Nation as a whole. The ministers should benefit from the convenient and brotherly atmosphere at the Arab League in Tunis and embark on serious endeavours to unify Arah countries' position and end the conflict. These ministers can and should pave the way for an Arab summit at which their leaders can and must reach consensus in view of the serious situation in the Arab region and the chronic problems plaguing the Arah people. This is a national duty for the ministers in Tunis and their work is among the priorities for the Arab World. The Arah masses look with hope towards this meeting which comes amidst a gloomy horizon and looming dangers. It can help find solutions for Arab problems and can help the Arab Nation to end its

Mahdi faces problems in forming broad government

By Hamza Hendawi Reuter

KHARTOUM --- Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi will have a hard time forming a broad-based government in Sudan to replace a 15-month-old coalition which col- the cabinet. lapsed on Saturday, Western di-

plomats said Sunday. They said Mahdi's main problem was accommodating the militant National Islamic Front (NIF) party in a new cabinet without loosening the grip of his Umma Party and the Democratic Unionist Party (DUP) on key cabinet

Umma and the DUP, main partners in the outgoing coali-tion, have 101 and 62 respectively of parliament's 301 seats. The NIF, led by Hassan Al Tourahi,

and the DUP had 17 of the 24 portfolios, leaving three to small south Sudanese parties and four

vacant. Mahdi, the diplomats said, would first have to persuade his own party to include the NIF in

His previous attempts to enter a partnership with NIF ran into stiff opposition from Umma lawmakers on the grounds that Tourabi was a close aide of President Jaafar Numeiri, ousted in a

1985 military coup.

The DUP pulled out of the coalition on Saturday although Mahdi said he and DUP leader Mohammad Osman Al Mirghani had agreed to form a new govern-

ment by Sept. 7.
The collapse of the government MF, led by Hassan Al Tourahi, as 53 seats.

In the outgoing cahinet, Umma

followed the Umma-engineered election of lawyer Mirghani Al Nasri to a seat on the Supreme

Council, the five-member collective head of state, previously beld by a DUP member.

Tourabi, a French-educated former law lecturer, has said his party's conditions for entering a national unity government in-cluded the formulation of a charter setting out policies binding on ail participants.

He has rejected proposals that all political parties should be represented in a new government, saying such an arrangement was not feasible.

"If the government now seems to be destined to fall once every year, then it will collapse every day if all parties participate," Tourabi told a news conference earlier this month.

Even if Tourabi's views were heeded, Mahdi would still have a difficult task putting together a cahinet in which only parties rep-

Polling in 40 south Sudanese constituencies had been indefinitely postponed because of fighting there between rebels and government troops.

oppose Mahdi's plans to intro-duce two penal codes, one applying to Sudan's Muslim majority and the other to the animist and Christian people of south Sudan.

They want a now-defunct secular penal code introduced in 1974 to be reinstated, but Mahdi rejects their demand.

Some south Sudanese parties oppose Tourabi's participation in a new government on the grounds that he was the main driving force behind the 1983 introduction of

The laws, now largely relaxed,

resented in parliament were in-cluded, the diplomats said. fuelled the insurgency in the south. An estimated 400 people, including non-Muslims, lost hands or feet for theft and hundreds were flogged for drinking alcohol.

The south Sudanese parties South Sudanese lawmakers also accuse Mahdi's government of arming tribes claiming Arab origin to fight the rebels of the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) on behalf of the govern-

> Mahdi denies that his government armed the tribes but has implicitly defended their activity by saying they were fending off rebel attacks in remote areas unreachable by troops.

> A top Umma party official told Reuters that there was still a good chance that Umma and the DUP would renew their parmership in

new coalition. The DUP's withdrawal from the Supreme Council seat.



the government, be said, might have been designed to pacify party members infuriated by the defeat of the DUP nominee for

Reza Pahlavi emerges from shadows to renew claim to peacock throne

By Elaine Ganley The Associated Press

PARIS - Eight years after the Iranian revolution, the son of the toppled shah of 1ran is renewing his claim to the peacock throne and calling publicly for restoration of the Pahlavi dynasty.
"I know in my heart that they want me," Reza Pahlavi said in an interview, "but I'm not going to claim to you today that the

to claim to you today that the people will say that.'

For many Iranians, Pahlavi is only a remembrance, often bitter, of things past. For practical purposes, he is a king without a throne or a country. Yet he dreams of restoring family rule, with himself as a constitutional

After his father died in exile in 1980, Pahlavi proclaimed himself Shah Reza II. Then he retreated into silence. Now, at 26, he is making what amounts to a political coming-out, conceding certain excesses by his father, Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi, and trying to place himself in the front line of the struggle against Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's Islamic republic.

"My goal is to free Iran from the rule of terrorists which have taken our country hostage," he said in the interview Friday. "My dream is that my country be freed as soon as possible from this

when to launch the final move said when asked to elaborate on

His words echo those of a half-dozen opposition leaders in exile, including leftists and several monarchists of widely differing to his once all-powerful father, views. All claim popular support inside Iran and the military backing to make it meaningful.

But until a recent series of appearances in Paris, the nerve centre of Iran's exiled opposition, Pahlavi has remained in the shadows, living in the United States.

With his boyish air and his bevy of advisers, he appears articulate, fluent in English and French. figure who can keep moral in-Eager to talk but evasive on tegrity intact," Pahlavi said. "I do sensitive issues, be clearly has not believe the monarchy of the been groomed for his debut as an active opposition leader.

Pahlavi says he has both civi-



cells" working to restore the throne his father ruled for 37

He says he meets occasionally with members of the Iranian clergy and Khomeini's Revolutionary Guards, who, he claims, are looking for assurances they would be safe if he came to power. Like some other-opposition leaders, he has a radio station beaming messages into Iran.

Part of the nature of the game "The question that remains is is to deal in absolute secrecy," he al and tactical networks can't be exposed until the final moment."

The young Pahlavi, in contrast stressed his wish to become a true constitutional monarch, "the type of monarch you can find today in Britain, Spain or Sweden."

Some monarchists in exile, though, make clear they would like to see a strong shah restored to the throne, with more than figurehead power.

The shah remains a symbolic future in Iran could have any other form.

Pahlavi admits that his father, lian and military "resistance who bore the titles "King of Kings" and "Light of the Aryans" overstepped the 1906 constitution

"One of the reasons there was a reaction to my father late in 1970s was (that people) wanted the constitution to be applied," he said.

The shah policed his country with the dreaded Savak, crushing dissent while he moved to make

Iran a world superpower.
"What really took place in Iran was that very rapid growth dis-turbed a little the natural fibres of

our society. People had a hard time keeping up," Pahlavi said. "It was certainly a gamble that he took," knowing it could lead to demands for political reform, Pahlavi said. "Unfortunately, it turned out to he a disaster."

Many 1ranian exiles view mooarchists as an elite that lives on nostalgia, with a hopeless dream of recreating an Iranian

A spokesman in Paris for the People's Mujahedeen of Iran, which carries out armed warfare against the Khomeini government and is widely considered the leading Iranian opposition group, said of Pahlavi, "to make nice statements in California, on the Cote D'Azur or bere is one thing, but represents nothing in the

"If there is a concrete and active resistance, it is the National Liberation Army," he said, referring to the Mujahedeen's recently created armed forces. Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, the first

esident of the Isi and now an exile in Paris, says Pahlavi has "no chance at all" of restoring the throne.

"He's a young man who doesn't know Iran at all. It's ridiculous," he said. Monarchy, Pahlavi counters, is 25-century-old institution in

"The real basis of support for monarchy happens to be the very same people who are Khomeini's constituents," the peasants, the

workers, the poor, be said.

The Iranian people "see in me
a certain leadership, a certain aura of playing the role of saviour of the nation, a father figure," he asserted, insisting that neither his name nor his youth is a hindr-

Western dependence on Arab Gulf oil is growing steadily

By Geoffrey Aronson

WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration's recent decision to deploy warships in the Gulf is the most telling expression of U.S. concern about the West's growing dependence upon Gulf oil. In recent months studies com-missioned by the U.S. Department of Energy as well as comments of industry analysts, have raised alarm about the increasing appetite of the industrialised nations for Gulf oil, and the growing power of OPEC to determine higher market prices.

Energy Security, a report by the Department of Energy to President Reagan, details these conclusions and warns of their U.S. negative impact on national projected to supply between 35 and 40 per ceot of the world's oil. OPEC itself is projected to supply between 45 and 60 per cent of international demand. And, as oil from the Gulf becomes a more crucial factor in international supply, U.S. dependece on it is expected to grow. In 1986 U.S. oil imports increased almost 1 million b/d to over 5.3 million b/d. Energy Security anticipates that this latter figure will grow to 8-10 million b/d sometime between 1990 and 1995 and reach. fifty per cent of U.S. national consumption.
The administration under-

stands such figures as key elements in the U.S. national securmakes clear, "a primary purpose of this study has been to consider the national security implications of growing reliance on imports from a small group of supply countries (i.e. OPEC in general

and Gulf nations in particular).
"Revolutions, regional wars, or aggression from outside powers could disrupt a large volume of oil supplies from the Gulf," notes the report, "inflicting severe damage on the economies of the U.S. and allied nations. Oil price increases precipitated by the 1978-79 Iranian revolution contributed to the largest economic recession since the 1930s. Similar or larger events in the future, "the report warned," could have far-reaching economic, geopolitical, or even military

The lessons which Washington has learned from these projections and past experience are clear. The Reagan administration appears determined, as it increases its military presence in the Gulf, to assure that the industrial nations' growing depend-ence upon Gulf oil will not be exploited as it was in 1973 during the October war and in 1979 in the wake of the Iranian revolu-

The concern that the U.S. and its allies are on the precipice of another oil shortage and price increase is palpable. In the short term, market worries about the reflagging effort have jacked security. According to the study, prices higher. Growing oil im-hy 1995 Gulf oil producers are ports at higher prices have contributed to a worsening of the U.S. monthly trade deficit. In the longer term the numbers "make it very clear that we've entered into a cycle that led to the oil shocks of 1973 and 1979," explained George P. Mitchell, president of Houston's Mitchell Energy and Development Corporation, in an interview with the New York Times. "The country could have very serious problems within a short period of time," he warned. 70 per cent of its production John H. Lichthlau, president of the capacity; but by 1974, production the Petroleum Industry Research; had increased to 31 mbd more Foundation, added that the than 80 per cent of capacity and period of declining oil prices and that was when the world got its declining U.S. dependence of iterst serious oil price shock. In foreign oil has come to an end." 1979, at the time of the second

Both men participated in a great shock, OPEC's production udy by the National Petroleum of nearly 32 mbd represented Council which concluded that U.S. oil imports were likely to reach 48 per cent of consumption by 1995, a level 10 per cent higher than in 1979. Even a "best case" scenario projected that imports in 1990 will equal those of 1979.

Energy experts may see that the era of "feel good" energy forecasts has ended. But U.S. consumers and many politicians still inhabit another, more comforting world. Automobile speed limits have been increased in many states across the country for the first time since 1974 — a symbolic public affirmation that conservation is demode. Demand for petrol compares with levels before the 1979 price increase. "We are in the post conservation period as far as economic thinking about gasoline and crude oil is concerned," observed Peter C. Beutel, an executive at a New York commodities brokerage.

The experts see a much more dangerous world. In the U.S., oil drilling has fallen to pre-World War II levels according to Energy Security. Expenditures for exploration and development key investments for future U.S. production — were 40 per cent lower in 1986 than in 1985. And in contrast to the Gulf region. where approximately 63 per cent of economically viable oil re-serves are located, the U.S. contains only five per cent. The DoE report predicts that the U.S. oil import bill will reach \$80 billion in 1995, up from a mere \$28 billion last year and \$70 billion in

Administration experts are looking anxiously at OPEC's production capacity as a key indicator of the organisation's ability to increase prices. Price increases have invariably occurred when OPEC produces at least-80 per

cent of capacity.
"In 1970." noted Energy
Security, "OPEC's output of 24
mbd of oil represented only about

some 90 per cent of capacity."
In the 1990-95 period, the report predicts, "the setting would be similar to what it had been during previous periods of rapid price increases" as OPEC production exceed 80 per cent of

capacity. And unlike the 1970s, when non-OPEC sources in the North Sea and Alaska came into production, OPEC now accounts for a crushing 98 per cent of noncommunist surplus capacity. Saudi Arabia alone accounts for one third of this surplus: other Guff states an additional one third; with most of the remainder located in

Lihya, Nigeria, and Venezuela— OPEC members all — Arab

News, Jeddah.

U.S. fleet's Gulf woes seen reflecting bigger navy defects

By Christopher Hanson

Reuter WASHINGTON - Naval ex-

perts say snags encountered by the U.S. fleet in the Gulf war zone are symptoms of a larger problem: President Reagan may be building the wrong navy for the wrong war.
His plan to create a modern

600-ship navy has cost \$484 hil-lion so far. The White House says the fleet is well prepared to cope with crises around the world and can meet his pledge to safeguard shipping in the Iran-Iraq war

But in the mine-strewn Gulf, where the navy is trying to pro-tect 11 Kuwaiti tankers flying the American flag, a dearth of mines-weepers has forced U.S. warships into the humiliating position of sheltering behind civilian tankers for protection.

The tankers could withstand mine hits that would probably sink the warships, Pentagon officials conceded.

Military experts say the U.S. navy is dangerously deficient in offensive minelaying capacity, antisubmarine warfare, resupply vessels, and convoy escort warships.

ing virtually all other categories of ship," retired Admiral Stansfield Turoer, former CIA director, told Reuters. The root of the problem, said retired Admiral Eugene Carroll, is a bold U.S. maritime strategy that calls for U.S. aircraft carrier battle groups to sail into the Soviet Union's home waters and

attack key northern ports if war

"The navy is getting \$3.5 bil-

Critics say the strategy is unworkable because big carriers are sitting ducks for modern submarines, sea-skimming cruise missiles and land-hased bombers. They say the carriers and sun-

port ships now being built have

drawn dollars that should have gone to bolster a much more basic wartime navy role - resupplying Western Europe and de-tending the sea lanes. "We are today huilding not a navy but the world's largest and most expensive naval museum." William Lind, a former congres-

sional military analyst who has lectured at the Naval War College, wrote recently. Pentagon officials, rejecting such criticism, say today's navy demonstrated its effectiveness in the invasion of Grenada in 1983

and a bombing raid against Libya last year. Even some critics concede that aircraft carrier battle groups can

be a formidable device for show-

ing the flag. But the critics say serious gaps in America's navy capabilities must not be overlooked, in-

— Mine warfare. Admiral Wesley McDonald, former commander of the Atlantic fleet, recently said the United States was ion aircraft carriers and neglect-"woefully inadequate" in this area. It has three active and 18 reserve 1950s-era minesweepers, several of which are en route to the Gulf, according to Pentagon officials.

Moscow has an estimated 250-300 minesweepers and is the world's leader in mine warfare. the analysts said. It has an offensive doctrine that calls for minelaying in key trans-Atlantic sea lanes and an arsenal of some



400,000 mines.

Naval experts say Moscow would surely lay mines in its home waters if the U.S. fleet threatened its ports.

Retired Admiral Elmo Zumwalt, a former chief of naval operations, said plans called for America's NATO allies to provide mine warfare support, but he added: "This leaves us in a weakened position when the allies are slow to act."

Anti-submarine warfare (ASW). According to Pentagon figures, Washington has 96 nuc-

lear powered, conventionally armed attack submarines, which are vital for striking enemy submarines and defending convoys. But Moscow has a daunting 265,

both nuclear and diesel powered. Pentagon officials say U.S. ASW technology is superior but that Moscow has dramatically narrowed the gap, building submarines far quieter and harder to detect with the help of equipment they bought from Japan's Toshiba Machine Co. and Norway's

Kongsberg Trade Co.
"We can no longer say our

quality in ASW offsets the quantity of the Soviet antispbmarine force," Admiral Lee Bag-gett, U.S. chief of NATO's

last year. The U.S. maritime strategy demands that the Soviet submarine threat be virtually neutralised before surface warships move against the Soviet Union's north-

But University of Chicago analyst John Mearsheimer doubts that could be achieved. He estimates the United States might

era ports.

have as few as 30 attack submarines to take on 140 Soviet submarines in northern waters. The U.S. vessels would also face attack from surface ships and land-based aircraft.

 Small surface ships. The U.S. navy has 68 destroyers and 106 frigates, according to London's Interoational Institute of Strategic Studies. Turner said many more were needed for convoy and escort duty as well as ASW. He said the navy also badly needed more underway replenishment" vessels to resupply the fleet at sea.

 Cruise missile defences Radar-eluding cruise missiles proved deadly in the 1982 Falklands war between Britain and Argentina and in the apparently madvertent Iraqi attack on the U.S. frigate Stark that killed 37

America's relatively few big aircraft carriers were easy targets for Soviet cruise missiles, Carroll said, urging the navy to build more small, less expensive vessels and to pump more money into cruise missile defence research.

Defence expert Jack Beatty wrote in Atlantic magazine recently the U.S. maritime strategy may be the most important innovation in naval warfare since the Second World War."

Atlantic navies, told Congress But Zumwalt said he doubted top admirals had ever really embraced it.

Turner said he did not think it would ever be implemented because it risked catastrophic ship losses. He said the plan was a political and budget ploy to convince Congress to fund naval

programmes, not a serious milit-

By Tom Porteous

"SEVILLA," "Cordoba", "Granada". The slot machine outside the park in Barcelona advertises the ancient Arab cities of southern Spain. Five pesetas click their way into the nameless 1960s contraption. A light switches on behind the lens and photographic images of Andalusia flash by: the Porphyry and Jasper pillars of the mosque of Abdul-Rahman in Cordoba, a garish plaster statue of Maria from a church of southern Christendom, a flamenca with her muscular thighs protruding under swirling petticoats and spotted dress. The machine clicks again with finality and darkness falls across the lens.

Cordoba is like a Bunuelesque dream. Inside the famous mosque, two sour middle-aged women in blue nylon cleaning coats are putting out rows of wooden chairs in front of a side altar as though for a requiem mass. A man in overalls and working boots pushes a door concealed in the back of the Arab mihrab (prayer niche). He wanders through carrying a hammer and a plastic hucket. The smell of disinfectant blends with heavy incense. The Cathedral of the Assumption of Maria sprouts incongruously from the middle of the mosque. Crucifixes and side altars, Marias and votary candles — the symbols of Spanish Catholic Kitsch — overflow into what is left of the mosque and disrupt its quiet harmony.

In the bodega across the road, fat legs of pork bang in rows

from the ceiling above dark wooden barrels of sberry. Shallow plastic cups are ned to the severed thigh joints to catch the fatty fluid which drips from time to time as the Spanish ham cures in the dry air. At the bar, good looking, peaceful men with Picasso berets and weatherbeaten half Arab faces breakfast on anis and

rough brandy.

Granada: "Wa la ghalih illa Allah, wa la ghalib illa Allah"
(There is No Victor Save God). The words of the Koran float like a fugue through the ever changing maze of patterns and mosaics which cover the walls and arches of Al Hamra — or what the Spanish call La Alhambra — the last stronghold of Arab rule in

A beautiful Spaniard was instrumental in the final defeat of the Arabs in Spain. Mulay Hasan, king of Granada, fell in love with Zoraya, a Christian captive. Mulay's son, Boabdil, was prompted by his jealous mother, Aisha, to depose his father. It was the last of many intrigues which the 14th and 15th centuries weakened the Arabs' graps of their remaining Spanish possessions. Boabdil became master of Granada, hut was defeated by Ferdinand and Isabella in 1492, the year Columbus discovered the Americas. Boabdil was expelled. The mountain pass where be turned for his last view of Granada is to this day called "The last sigh of the

Moor." "You do well to cry like a woman for the city you could not defend like a man," his mother Aisha is said to have chided him. Wa la ghalih illa Allah.

Half an hour from Granada by car, "the sigh of the Moor" now boasts a large roadside hoarding advertising Tio Pepe sherry and a small service station where the sun worshippers from Europe's industrial north stop their big fast cars and fill up with expensive Arab petrol and cheap Spanish beer on their way to the beaches of Marbella and Malaga.

In Granada, a steep mountain path overhung with greenery leads up to a lonely lookout tower, once part of the Arah fortifications, now strewn with broken bottles and discarded condoms. Here "Anna y Antonio," "Pedro y Maria," "Luis y Pahlo" and others have scribbled erotic epitaphs on charred walls.

The ruined tower looks down, romantically it must be said, on the Generalife - or what the Arabs of Granada call Januar Al Aryaf (rural paradise) - the mountain retreat of Mulay and Zoraya, Boabdil, Aisha and their predecessors. Here the cool of the Sierra Nevada blow through arched marble and mosaic rooms and colourful gardens. Below this paradise, Al Hamra, poised on a wooded mountainside is, like Xanadu, girded with walls and turrets. Beneath it lies Granada, the whitewashed houses of the Arab quarter tumbling down the hill across the valley. The cry of the muezzin is carried faintly on the evening breeze up into the

Attracted by the spiritual atmosphere which hangs in the city and its palaces, Granada today has a small and growing Muslim population. Screne, bearded men with veiled wives are seen wandering along the rural footpaths under the walls of Al Hamra. In a small cafe in the Arab quarter a few young men sit at low tables on cushions and stools. They are singing Egyptian and Maghrebi songs. A Moroccan sailor from Cadiz plays the lute. They stop singing and talk of home, of North African villages and cities, of troubled politics and Islam. They lean back and sip sweet mint tea. Someone puts on a cassette of Umm Kalthum. Abdullah enters and begins talking earnestly with the Moroccan waiter. He fingers his brown beard nervously. When he is gone they talk about Abdullah, a recent convert, a Spaniard but a Muslim; "Al Hamdulillah", praise be to God. Ali, the Syrian, has been watching and listening. He gets up to leave. He bids farewell to the young men. Tomorrow he flies to Damascus. "He'll be back soon though with his Syrian propaganda," someone says. The Moroccan sailor laughs gently. Someone turns over the tape which has stopped, and the voice of "the lady of Egypt" fills the cafe once more. - Middle East International, London

Drug abuse thrives in Penang despite hanging law

By Ho Wah Foon

Reuter PENANG, Malaysia - Tell a Penang pedicah driver that you need drugs and he will probably take you straight to a dingy lane near the island's main harbour. There, near the cheap hotels of Chalia Street and Leigh Street in this popular Malaysian resort, you can buy a small quantity of heroin packed in an inch-long

strip of drinking straw for \$6. Malaysia has some of the world's toughest drug laws, incieding mandatory death sentences. But heroin, opium and canabis are still widely avail-

Penang is a popular resort for foliag foreigners, backpack-tot-ing budget travellers who descend on the \$4-a-night hotels near the

Some come as customers of the sing pushers who roam the area offering their wares. Some enjoy their last taste of

freedom here. Since 1983, 15 foreigners have been arrested in Penang under Malaysia's drug laws, which man-

found with more than 15 grammes of heroin or 200 grammes of .

Among them were New Zealander Lorraine Phyllis Cohen and her son Aaron, currently on trial before the Penang high court.

Forty people have been hanged for drug offences in Malaysia since 1975, among them 10 foreigners — two Australians, six Singaporeans, an Indonesian and

Nineteen others have heen convicted of trafficking since 1983, when mandatory death sentences were introduced, and are waiting for their appeals to be

Malaysia, close to the poppy crops of the Golden Triangle and thus a convenient transhipment centre for opium or heroin destined for the West, has an estimated 500,000 drug users, smugglers and pushers out of its 16

million population. The figures were compiled hy the National Drugs Research Centre, which estimates Malaysian drug users spend about \$1.2

Penang itself has about 40,000 addicts, according to the research centre which is based on the island off Malaysia's north-westem coast.

The island's acting police chief, Harry Greenall, said he believed traffickers were now avoiding Penang because of "our im-proved network of informants and friends.

He said police paid for information leading to the arrest of traffickers. The fee was from 10 to 30 per cent of the street value of any drugs seized. But lawyer Rasiah Rajasing-

bam, some of whose clients face the gallows under the 1983 law. said drug syndicates thrived in Penang because they bribed some policemen.

He said the syndicates sometimes set up "small fry" for police to arrest so they would bave something to report to their su-Greenall denied the allega-

"If there is sufficient information, I can assure you we will do

and the big time," he added.

The Malaysian government, criticised for the severity of its

I don't care who they are," he

addicts who are victims of social

problems, but pushers, suppliers

"We are not after the drug

drug laws, says mandatory death sentences are a powerful deter-At a recent news conference in the capital, Kuala Lumpur, Deputy Home Affairs Minister Datuk Megat Junid Megat Ayuh Said that 1,800 foreigners and Molecules the department of the capital foreigners and Molecules the department of the capital foreigners.

Malaysians had been arrested in connection with drug offences in the first half of this year compared with 5,800 in the whole of Dr. Vis Navaratnam, director

of the National Drugs Research Centre, said Malaysia, Singapore and Hong Kong were among the first Asian countries to seriously combat drug abuse.

'Drugs respect no social group, country, race or age ... it took a long time to start combating it and so it will take a long time to end the problem," Navar-

camouflaged in cncalyptus trees

and active for only a few hours

each day, mostly at night. There

are no statistics on the current

size of Australia's koala popula-

S. African union leader exercises firm control

By Laurinda Keys The Associated Press

JOHANNESBURG - Cyril Ramaphosa, son of a mine policeman, former political detainee and lawyer, is the quiet, articulate negotiator guiding the twoweek-long strike hy most of the nation's black miners.

He opposes capitalism, favours economic sanctions against South Africa to end apartheid, and believes in a long-term policy of nationalising the mines that produce South Africa's wealth.

But in the meantime, he says. the main concern of his National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) is better wages and conditions for workers who "are being oppressed and exploited."

"A self-respecting trade union cannot play its role if it does not address all matters affecting its members, like wages, conditions of employment and matters relating to the political system, Ramapbosa said in a newspaper

interview last week.

But be added, "NUM is no political organisation. We represent workers who, in our opinion, are being oppressed and ex-

Ramaphosa, 34, earned a law degree hut never went into practice, saying he found it "too

mercenary."
The effects of his legal training can be seen in the methodical manner that the union, which he bas served as general-secretary since its formation in 1982, went about preparing for South Africa's biggest legal strike.

The process involved negotiating on specific demands, declaranon of a dispute, an overwbelmingly strike ballot, the union's rebuffed appeal for arbitration and then a three-week delay before the strike announcement in case management made a lastminute offer.

The result is a unity among mineworkers that shocked management, surprised even the union's predictions, and bas beld together despite thousands of dismissals of striking miners.
"Our members aren't kid-

ding," he said at the outset of the



strike. "When our memhers strike, the industry shus down." That confidence is based, to a great extent, on the union's organisation, which involves frequent contact between officials and shop stewards, who are charged with keeping members informed

and determining support for ac-tion before it is taken. The strike is considered a test of strength by the mines, who had made last-minute settlements in the past few years. Mining company negotiators give Ramaphosa praise for his astuteness. hard work and sophistication.

A bearded, chunky, but not tall man, he speaks softly and articu-

strikers, and threats of national industrial action the more forceful by his calm, firm delivery. Ramaphosa says he is a social-

ist, and a pragmatist. "We have to huild a strong worker organisation at the workplace, thereafter it will automancally start spilling over into other areas," Ramaphosa said in a

newspaper interview. "If you start on other issues you are not able to build a strong union, cohesive in nature and strong enough to tackle issues outside the workplace."

Ramaphosa was born in Johanneshurg, second of the three children of a retired mine policeman. and attended school in Soweto and in the tribal homeland of Venda, in nonhern Transvaal.

At the all-hlack University of the Nonb in Turfloop, nonhern Transvaal, he became chairman of the black South African Studenis Organisation, later banoed. In 1974, he was detained for 11 months in the Pretoria central

prison under the "terrorism" act for participating in a rally supporting Frelimo, then waging its ultimately successful war against Portuguese colonialism in neighbouring Mozamhique. He couldn't get into the uni-

versity, so he cootinued his law ling ourselves in for, and they did studies through the University of not believe that the workers in South Africa, a correspondence the industry could be unionised."

lately, making his angry denuncianons of mine safety practices, laments over dead and injured school. He joined the Black Peoples Convention, the main exponent of the black separatism philosophy.

He was arrested again during the 1976 Soweto uprising and spent six months in detention at police headquarters in Johannes-

Ramaphosa finished his studies in 1981 and became legal adviser to the exclusively black Council of Unions of South Africa. He was assigned the next year to help organise the National Union of Mineworkers after black unions were legalised, and he was elected general-secretary.

In 1985, the union left the hlack-consciousness oriented Council of Unions and joined the non-racial, socialistic, and proeconomic sanctions Congress of South African Trade Unions.

James Motlatsi, a former gold miner, is the union president, but Ramaphosa runs the day-to-day He sleeps, eals, holds meetings

and gives interviews while chainsmoking in the union's offices in downtown Johannesburg.

Ramaphosa was married briefbut bas no children. Ramophosa said the first time he led a delegation to negotiate with the Chamber of Mines in 1982, "they probably felt that we did not know what we were let-



South African miners on strike

Hungerford violence kindles debate on movies

By Michael West The Associated Press

LONDON - The British Broadcasting Corporation shelved a violent television drama Friday out of respect for the 15 victims in Britain's worst mass murder.

Some have claimed that violent TV and cinema fare helped provoke Wednesday's shooting spree in the town of Hungerford, 100

kilometres from London. ITV, the BBC's rival network, was criticised for going ahead with a weekly episode Thursday night of the violence-packed

"Equaliser" series.

The BBC said it was withdrawing "Body Contact" from a showing at the Edinburgh Arts Festiv-

al and postponing its hroadcast, originally scheduled for Sept. 20. "Body Contact," a gangland musical drama, is described by its makers as "a stylised pastiche with echoes of Bonnie and Clyde." BBC-TV programmes director Michael Grade said: "In director Michael Grade said: "In the wake of the Hungerford tragedy, it would be inappropriate and insensitive to transmit

this film at present."

Mary Whitehouse, a veteran campaigner against sex and violence on TV, said the "Equaliser" screening was "a stark illus-tration of just how desensitised the television decision-makers have become.

Many crincs focused on per-ceived similarities between the attack by gunman Michael Ryan and that by "Rambo," the fictional Vietnam veteran in the U.S. movie, "First Blood."

"The trail of death left by Michael Ryan could bave been based on the bloody exploits of the film character Rambo," said the Daily Telegraph on Friday. "Hungerford's day of horror

resembles the script of the film 'First Blood' in which Rambo, played by Sylvester Stallone, goes beserk in a small American town," the conservative daily

In "First Blood," Rambo, in combat garb and a headband, is goaded by a bigoted sheriff into killing pursuing lawmen in a forest. Rambo then attacks a gas stanon before moving into town, firing an elaborate array of highpowered weapons and setting fire

to a huilding. Ryan on Wednesday killed his first victim in the woods, then opened fire at a gas station before moving into his small hometown of Hungerford, where he slew his mother and 12 other people, set fire to his bome and finally shot himself dead. A 15th person, who was hospitalised, died of gunshot wounds late Thursday.

In a column in the Daily Telegraph under the headline "A Fantasy Bred of Jnnk Culture."

columnist Lesley Garner noted: media. particularly television." "The neighbours and the police, the ambulance drivers and the reporters were unanimous in describing Michael Ryan as a Rambo-figure, his head wrapped in a band, his clothes military, rifle at the hip.

Ryan left no indication he had been influenced by or had even seen "First Blood."

seis, said:
"Ramho... is the current icon

the Americans, he meant the refusal to be pushed around. For the rest of us, he is the simple symbol of might as right... in the aftermath of Hungerford it is sheer intellectual cowardice to pretend that these images... have no effect on behaviour."

Another London paper, The Independent, had a cartoon showing a father and son watching a film on TV in which a Rambo-style figure mows down opponents. The caption in the polineally independent paper reads: "Relax, son, it's only television."

The liberal newspaper The Guardian on Friday quoted Dr. David Hill, a clinical psychologist with the National Association of Mental Health, as saying: "The primary source of learning is the Too.'

The conservative paper The Daily Mail said in an editorial: "lo many cases, who can doubt it... social inadequates... identify with violent heroes like Rambo...

Television... introduces scenes of violence into every living room... there is plenty more to be hired cheaply from video shops. There are still some... who

But Garner, arguing against the ready availability in video shops of violent movies that can (TV) and growing violence and be seen at home on television crime in the world outside. They are denying the lessons of history. "Ramho... is the current icon lt was the Nazis who showed the human destructiveness. For world that whole nations could be manipulated by screen propaganda.

Legislator Rhodes Boyson, a former junior minister in Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Conservative government and a former school headmaster, said Thursday night: "It is time we had... tighter rules on what is becoming a frightening situation in the display of blood and death

on TV and the video market." Another paper, The Daily Mirror, had a cartoon showing people carrying coffins past a building bearing the sign "Hungerford Video Shop." Posters in the sbop's windows read "Rambo — Terminator." "Total Bastard." "Kill." "Commando — He Kills. He Maims — You'll Want to,

Koalas may be cuddly, but stress gets them appearance of disease," he says. Koalas are difficult to spot,

By Joy Aschenbach National Geographic

SYDNEY, Australia — To look at them, dozing most of the day high up in eucalyptus trees tree fork or slumped over a branch, arms and legs dangling you'd never think they were under stress. Koalas are almost as well-

known for their sleepy-eyed, slow-moving, sedentary existence as they are for being the cuddly symbol of their native Australia. Although there's no sciennific proof, some Australians believe koalas are habitually drugged because they eat virtually nothing

but eucalyptus leaves. Multitude of maladies

Yet, despite their drowsy disposition, koalas are suffering from stress-aggravated diseases. First noticed in the mid-1970s, the diseases have been traced to a bacterium, Chlamydia psiiiaci. which can cause blindness, infertility, and urinary and respiratory infections.

Scientists are most worried about infertility. "The disease threat is widespread. In some areas, 50 to 98 per cent of a colony is affected," says Steve Brown, research veterinarian at the University of Queensland in Brisbane, who is testing antibiotic

treatments on captive koalas. Although koalas are not listed as an endangered species, Brown says they are "very, very vulner-able and in danger of becoming extinct one locality at a time.'

Koalas are also susceptible to other diseases such as pneumonia, leukemia, and bone cancer. Their immune system appears to be retarded," he explains.

Just as threatening as disease is the rapid destruction of koala habitat. The koala's only natural range, the eucalyptus (gum) forests of eastern Australia, is in the region bumans bave developed the fastest. Where eucalyptus trees are cut

Home is up a tree for Australia's famous koalas. The small marsupiak live in the branches of encalyptus trees and feed on the leaves. This mother and her young are protected at the Lone Pine Koala Sanctuary near Brisbane, but koalas in the wild are threatened by diseases and loss of habitat (National Geographic photo)

by wild dogs or struck by cars. Paul Canfield, veterinary pathologist at the University of Sydney, says about 40 per cent of the approximately 200 koalas be has autopsied were killed hy cars.
"When you put a road through

their territory, and food is on the other side, koalas don't recognise the road as a barrier. And they get hit," he says.

Destroy own food source

In some places where stands of eucalyptus are left, the trees are overcrowded with koalas. Under such conditions, disease can spread more quickly. Koalas can destroy their food source by stripping the branches bare.

To ease this stressful situation,

forests. Koalas cannot survive without eucalyptus. "They have to have the right gum trees," Brown says. "They don't adapt at all." Of the more than 500 species of eucalyptus, koalas will eat only about a dozen.

Not only does the koala live in the eucalyptus tree and feed on its leaves, it also gets its only water from the moisture in the foliage and the dew on it. The name koala comes from an abor-iginal word meaning "no drink."

Australia will develop a "national koala strategy" when its first full-scale survey is completed within about a year, says Derrick Ovington, director of the National Parks and Wildlife Ser-

tion or on the number of diseased Once numbering in the millions, koalas never recovered from the slaughter of the 19th and early 20th centuries, when they were hunted for their fur. Pelts were shipped as far as Alaska and fashioned into hats. The last open

season was in 1927. Koalas have been both adored and attacked as Australian ambassadors of good will. Along with kangagroos, they are the most popular of the continent's 170 species of marsupials (pouched mammals), which also include wombats, wallabies, and wallaroos.

Not really bears

Koalas have the appeal of ted-dy bears come to life, although they are not even related to bears. Their closest relative is the

wombat.

Koalas gained international recognition as stars of a Qantas Airways advertising campaign. But there is more to Australia than koalas, tourism minister John Brown pointed out in 1983. He started an uproar when he attempted to destroy the koala

"The belief of Americans that they are a lovely, cuddly little bear is fairly well exploded," Brown declared, "when they get here and pick one of the rotten little things up. They find it's flea-ridden, it piddles on you, it stinks, and it scratches."

Defenders of koalas say they react like any animal in the wild not accustomed to buman contact. Koalas are solitary creatures. They bave sharp claws for climbing. Their eucalyptus diet makes them smell like cough

drops.
Outside Australia, koalas are found only in 200s in Japan and the United States. They can survive in eucalyptus growing climates snch as San Diego, Los Angeles, and San Francisco.

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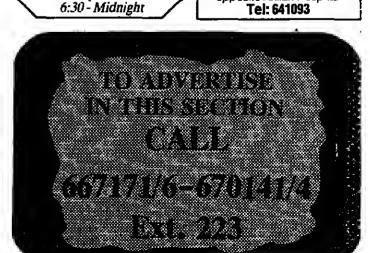
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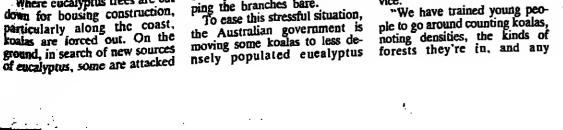
CHINESE

RESTAURANT









Six leading teams vie for first 3 slots in Asian handball

By Rania Atalia Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Competition intensifies Tuesday among the leading six teams in the Asian Men's Handball Championships as they vie to gain a berth in qualifying matches for the first three positions.

championship over, the six teams meet today seeking semifinal positions. Kuwait is scheduled to meet Bahrain in the first men's game this afternoon while S. Korea takes on China and Japan faces Qatar. The winners of the three games qualify to the finals, slated for Saturday.

The Chinese Taipei, Nepalese, Jordanian, Palestinian and Syrian teams were ousted during Sunday's heats against Bahrain, Oatar, Kuwait, Japan and China respectively. They move into the second round to compete on Wednesday for the 9th, 10th and

In the women's games, Korea

With the first round of the is scheduled to play against Syria on Tuesday morning while China faces Japan later in the day. The winning team will qualify to com-pete for second and third positions on Thursday.

On Wednesday, the women's Chinese Taipei and the Jordanian teams are in for a showdown that will decide the 5th and 6th positions. The third and fourth positions, however, will remain con-tingent on the results of Tues-

day's matches. The board of directors of the Asian Handhall Federation (AHF), which met on Sunday, endorsed Syria's request to organise and host the forthcoming championships in 1988.

	—									
Table of standings										
Men	P	w	D	L	F	A	Pts			
lst Group: S. Korea Bahrain Taipei	2 2 2	2 1	=	1 2	73 47 51	47 63 ò1	4 2			
2nd Group: Kuwait Qatar Jordan Nepal	3 3 3	3 1 1	1	1 I 3	98 83 59 31	37 37 68 106	6 6 3			
3rd Group: Japan China Syria Palestine	3 3 3	3 2 1	Ξ	1 2 3	84 79 60 44	43 62 68 94	6 4 2			
Women										
- 1si Group: Korea Japan Taipei	222	· 2 1	=	1 2	74 51 31	27 52 77	 4 2			
2nd Group: China Syria Jordan	2 2 2	<u>2</u>	111	1 2	90 33 19	16 51 75	4 2			

Inquiries launched into powerboat deaths as tributes pour in

POOLE. England (AP) — Two investigations began Monday into inspect the boat but it is too early the deaths of former Formula to say when we will get their One motor racing driver Didier report," Don Chick, the club's Pironi and two other Frenchmen, killed when their high-speed powerboat crasbed during an in-ternational meet off the south coast of England.

As the inquiries into Sunday's in Belgium," he added. accident - one by local police, the other by race organisers got under way, current Grand Prix drivers and the French government paid tribute to the vic-

Italy's Michele Alboreto, a member of the Ferrari team for whom Pironi drove when a serious accident forced him into retirement five years ago, said the Frenchman was "a victim of adverse destiny against which he fought uselessly,

Pironi, Alboreto added, was "stricken by bad luck."

The death of the 35-year-old ex-Grand Prix ace and his two countrymen filled the front pages of newspapers across France, with Premier Jacques Chirac

leading the accolades.
"I learn with great sadness of the accident that cost the lives of Didier Pironi, Bernard Giroux and Jean-Claude Guenard. 1 join* the world in mourning these sportsmen," Chirac said in a statement.

The three Frenchmen perished instantly when their hoat, Colibri, hit the wash of a passing oil tanker at speeds approaching 100 knots (115 mph) on the second lap of the 280-kilometre Needles Trophy Race around the Isle of

Wight, part of the European Powerboat Championship. Eyewitnesses said the Colibri corkscrewed 20 feet into the air and came crashing down on the water, trapping two of the victims in their seats as high octane fuel spilled out all around. Pironi was driving at the time in conditions that were described as calm.

The 3.5-tonne tanker, the British-registered Esso-Avon, had just left nearby Southampton en route for Belfast in Northern

Officials of the Royal Motor Yacht Club in Poole, organisers of Sunday's race, said experts had

vice-commodore, said. "Our job will be to report to

the National Yachting Association (NYA) and then to the International Powerboat Union (IPU)

'Everyone bere is still sbattered," Chick said. "For 21 years, nothing like this has ever happened in this race. Having said that, talking to some of the drivers afterwards, the general mood then was that this was bound to

happen sometime to someone.' Chick also revealed that other boats in the race had slowed down when they saw the tanker

One of two of the drivers had indicated that they throttled back," he said.

Police oo the Isle of Wight and at the headquarters of the Hampsbire County constabulary at Winchester said they had started their own investigations pending the opening of an inquest into the deaths, expected later this week.

The inquiry will consist of several things including arranging for police in Belfast to interview the crew of the tanker when it arrives," said police inspector Roger Smith. "There were a lot eyewitnesses amongst the

crew. They are our star witnesses. 'We shall also be carrying out some form of examination of the powerboat to make sure there was no mechanical fault, although this is not suspected,"

Smith said the bodies of the victims, taken after the crash to St. Mary's Hospital at Newport, capital of the Isle of Wight, would remain there until the inquest

"Immediately after that, they will probably be flown back to France or wherever the next of kin requires," be said.
It was the second year that

Pironi had participated in the Needles Trophy event. In his most recent race, be won first place at Arendal in Norway.

The Frenchman turned to

powerboat racing after injuries forced him to end his auto-racing been dispatched to nearly career during which be won three Lymington, where the Colibri lay Grand Prix races, one in 1980 and damaged after being towed in. two in 1982

German wins U.S. Tennis Association tourney

MANHASSET, New York (AP) - Second-seeded Gabriella Dinu of West Germany rallied to overtake Maryanne van der Torre of the Netherlands in the final of the U.S. Tennis match 7-6, (7-5), 6-3 to claim the \$4,000 first prize at the Shelter Rock tennis club. Dinu trailed 5-3 in the tiebreaker, but used her forehand to force Van der Torre into errors at the net and won

5,000-metre world record in Rome

Aouita seeks

RABAT (R) — World record holder Said Aouita will run in the 5,000 metres at the World Athletics Championships in Rome and then concentrate on the 1,500 metres, the Rabat daily L'Opin-

ion reported Monday.
"I want the world 5,000 title," he said. "Despite my world records, I can get it only if I win the final in Rome.

Aouita won the 5,000 metres gold medal at the 1984 Los Angeles Olympics and holds the world records for 1,500 and 2,000 metres and two miles.

"After winning in Rome, I will have nothing else to win over 5,000 metres. So, I will tackle the 1,500 metres with the same amhi-

tion," he said.
"This means improving the world record which I hold with 3 minutes 29.46 seconds, becoming 1988 Olympics champion and world champion in 1989.



pionships after falling off the borse. The three-day TIME FOR A SHOWER': Jockey event has taken its toll on horses and riders due to the harsh and fierce racing conditions (photo: INP) Andreas Eimhof holds the reins of his filly as he failed to grab the West German military cham-

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Edberg crushes Becker to snatch ATP crown

MASON, Ohio (AP) — Mild-mannered Stefan Edherg has turned into a Swedish superman on the tennis court just in time for one of the biggest tournaments of

the year.

Edberg played perhaps the best match of his career Sunday in druhbing Boris Becker 6-4, 6-1 to win the \$375,000 Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP)

Championships.
His serve wasn't quite as fast as a speeding hullet; his volleys lacked the power of a locomotive.
But his unfailingly accurate strokes and uncanny knack for being in the right place during the one-hour, 20-minute match left Becker in awe.

"He played the best I've seen him play — ever," said the 19-year-old West German, seeded which in the transportant "Year" third in the tournament. "You saw how well he played — be couldn't miss a ball."

"He was playing with a lot of intuition. He just picked the right shots (to make) at the right time - all the time.

— all the time."

Edberg, the tournament's number 2 seed, bad a good week leading up to the final, winning every match in straight sets. He said the victory over Becker was perhaps the best match of his match and maintains a polite quiet demeanor off the court. "He's very mild," said Becker who has played him in 11 tournaments and practiced with him. "I wouldn't say be's shy. He doesn't say many words.

beaten anyone Sunday, including the world's top-ranked player, Ivan Lendl, Edberg smiled and said, "yeah, I would say so."

The victory enhanced his chances of such a match in the

upcoming U.S. Open. Edberg pionship, which be won in 1985. came into the ATP ranked third He didn't play last year.

INDIANAPOLIS (R) — Heavily one-sided competition tarnished

by the hint of another drugs

scandal were the key elements of

the Pan American Games which

The American hosts predict-

ably beaded the medals table,

dominating virtually every event

- with the notable exception of

Cuba's supremacy in boxing and

weightlifting and their upset bas-

ketball defeat to Brazil - to

complete a record medals haul of

168 golds, 117 silvers and 83

Nearest rivals Cuha collected

75 golds from the 15 days of

competition, saving their hest

performances for the boxing ring

over the final weekend where

they won a record 10 golds in the

With the exception of a handful

of events, the hosts' domination

resulted generally in lacklustre

Action on the track and in the

pool frequently disappointed with

and the leading U.S. and Cana-

dian swimmers committed to the up for grabs.

a clutch of athletics stars absent

and second-rate competition.

12 weight categories.

closed Sunday night.

hronzes.

by drug scandal again

behind Lendl and fellow Swede Mats Wilander. Wilander's fourth-round loss in the ATP opened the way for Edberg to jump ahead in the rankings and be in the bottom half of the open

His goal now is to maintain the bigh level of play for a few more

"I think I'm very well prepared for the open," he said. "I'm going to practice this week. I think I should be all right for the open. I see no reason why I shouldn't play well. I feel good and I'm healthy.

"I'm playing very good on bard courts for the moment. I've had a lot of success this year."
The 21-year-old Swede is 23-3

on hard courts this year. "He's just a player with a lot of confidence — that's all of the difference," Becker said.

However, the confidence hasn't brought cockiness. Edberg displays little emotion during a match and maintains a polite,

"He's very mild," said Becker, who has played him in 11 tournaments and practiced with him. "I ouldn't say be's shy. He doesn't

"He has many things to ex-Asked whether he could bave press, but not with his words. He feels more comfortable playing rather than expressing wi words. Let's say he's the opposite of (Jobn) McEnroe."

It was Becker's first defeat in 12 matches at the ATP cham-

Pan-Pacific Championships in

rest the shameful memory of Cara-

cas when 19 drugs-related dis-

the 1983 Venezuela Games.

qualifications brought disgrace to

To the embarrassment of the

hosts, U.S. hammer silver medal-

list Bill Green was among six

athletes disqualified here after

Two others — weightlifters Orlando Vasquez-Mendose,

whose three hronzes represented

Nicaragua's only medals of the

games, and Venezuelan Mark-

man Bernando Ocando — were

Several other competitors

escaped unpunished after being

caught with traces of the steroid-

masking drug prebenocid in their urine. The drug, which prevents the detection of steroids, is yet to

be added to the International

Olympic Committee's (10C) list

more ohvious than in the pool,

where they won 27 of the 32 golds

Nowhere was U.S. domination

hanned substances.

also stripped of their medals.

The games also failed to lay to

Brishane, Australia.

failing drugs tests.

One-sided Pan Am Games hit

the way to hospital.

Sunday. Covilha withstood Benfica's onslaught in the first half, but the dam burst 46 minutes into the game with a goal by striker Diamantino. He scored again 10 minutes later. Rui Aguas rounded off the scoring for the visiting Lisbon side with a goal a minute before the end. Rush's injury could keep him out

LISBON (R) — Defending champions Benfica opened Portugal's

Dr. Majali, Sheikh Sabah tour U of J

AMMAN (Petra) — President of the Asian Handball Federation (AHF) Sheikh Fahd Al Ahmad Al Sabah Monday visited the University of Jordan where he was received by University President Ahdul Salam Al Majali. Dr. Majali briefed the guest on

the development of education in Jordan. He also briefed him on

the university's development and progress over the last 25 years.

Sheikh Sabah was accompanied on the visit by heads of the sports federations, taking part in the Asian Handhall Championships, currently being beld in Amman.

GREAT YARMOUTH, England (R) — A 350-pound (158-kilogramme) wrestler was crushed to death on Monday by his

super heavyweight opponent in front of a crowd of 2,000 at this

eastern English coastal resort. Malcolm "King Kong" Kirk was knocked out after 336-pound (152-kilogramme) Shirley "Big Daddy" Crabtree dived onto him 15 minutes into the bout.

Ambulancemen jumped into the ring to give Kirk mouth-to-mouth resuscitation but were unable to revive him and he died on

BRNO, Czechoslovakia (AP) — Italians Fausto Gresini and Bruno Casanova took first and second place in the 125 cc race at

the Czech Grand Prix motorcycling competition Sunday, and Australian Wayne Gardner won the 500 cc event. Gresini took bis

Australian Wayne Gardner won the 500 cc event. Gresini took bis ninth consecutive win on a Garelli before some 200,000 spectators to secure bis second world championship. He led the standings with 135 points with Casanova, also on a Garelli, a distant second with 88. In the 250 cc category, West German Toni Mang, riding a Honda MSR, posted his seventh victory in this year's championships, edging Dominique Sarreon of France by 3.43 seconds.

Benfica's win opens Portuguese season

Italians, Australian win Czech race

King Kong' crushed to death in bout

LECCE, Italy (R) — Ian Rush's dehtit for Juventus ended in disappointment Sunday night when he pulled a thigh muscle which could keep him out of action for three weeks. The Welsh soccer international, who moved from Liverpool for \$4.6 million, came off five minutes before the end of Juventus' Italian Cup preliminary round match against Second Division Lecce in southern Italy. Rush is due to play for Wales in a European championship qualifier against Denmark on September 9, four days before the start of the Italian League season. Juventus beat Lecce 3-0 hut Rusb failed to score.

KGB floors opposition in boxing events

TOKYO (R) - A team from the Soviet KGB secret police scored well in a communist boxing tournament in the North Korean capital of Pyongyang last week, the North Korean News Agency reported Monday. The agency, monitored in Tokyo, said the 25th Boxing Tournament for communist security organisations ended Sunday with Moscow's men winning in most divisions. The Soviet Union's Aleksandr Miroshnichenko beat opponents from the security police forces of Czechoslovakia and East Germany to win the heavyweight title.

Molitor extends hitting streak to 38 games

MILWAUKEE (AP) — Milwaukee's Paul Molitor extended his MILWAUKEE (AP) — Milwaukee's Paul Molitor extended his hitting streak to 38 games Sunday with a single in the fifth inning against the Kansas City Royals. The streak is the fifth longest in major-league history. In the first inning, Molitor hit a fly ball to centre field and hatting in the third, he flied to left. Leading off the fifth, Molitor lined a single to left off starter Charlie Leihrandit to keep the streak alive. He was given a two-minute stranding counting by the County Stadium croud. On Saturday sight ovation by the County Stadium crowd. On Saturday night, Molitor equalled Tommy Holmes' streak of 37 in 1945 for the Boston Braves.

Italian squad for cycling race named

VARESE, Italy (AP) — Defending world champion Moreno Argentin and veterans Francesco Moser and Giuseppe Saronni were included in the Italian squad for the World Road Cycling Championships scheduled in Villach, Austria, on Sept. 6. Italian manager Alfredo Martini named the 15-man team following a warmup race, the Tre Valli Varesine in this northern town Sunday. Thirteen Italians will start in the championship. Two will be reserves. Martini did not immediately name them.

Signs grow that Soviet sportsmen could leave for the West

1.10SCOW (R) — Signs are growing that Soviet sportsmen team was in the early 1980s. could soon be playing for clubs in the West as officials in Moscow show a new willingness to let their

piavers go abroad. Already Torpedo Moscow foothaller Sergei Shavio has agreed terms with Rapid Vienna and a number of ice hockey players could become part of a more general exodus once permission is granted by the Soviet Sports Committee, which has the equivalent of ministerial status.

"We are ready to discuss ice hockey and soccer players playing abroad hut we have not yet had the personal invitations from foreign clubs," said Vyacheslav Koloskov, in charge of soccer and icc hockey on the sports com-

"We are expecting the invita-tions but so far only Shavlo has gone," he said.

Even if there is only a limited departure of Soviet players, it will mark a sharp change in policy. Ice hockey players have received permission in the past to play in the West hut no national -Hockey League (NHL). The last two seasons.

telephone.

In 1982, a sports committee official said: "Our policy is that we allow sportsmen to work as trainers for foreign clubs but they

cannot play... But senior sports officials indicated to Reuters that this policy had changed. Six memhers of the Soviet hasketball squad are currently playing a series of games for the U.S. club Atlanta Hawks and football federation secretary Alexei Paramonov said others could follow Shavlo's example provided they, too, were over 30.

"If foreign clubs apply and Soviet clubs agree, and the players are over 30, they can go. If one swallow flies, then others will follow," Paramonov: said. He declined to comment on a

Soviet newspaper report that other unnamed players had been approached by clubs in West Germany, Austria and Greece.

Igor Dmitriev, deputy coach to the national ice hockey squad, recently said in Stockholm, where the Soviet Union was playing Sweden, that he would not be squad members have appeared in surprised if about 20 Soviet playinc North American National ers joined NHL clubs in the next

Yuri Kovolev, vice-president of the Soviet Ice Hockey League, said officials were likely to discuss the issue after the Soviet Union competed in the Winter Olympics in Calgary, Canada, next year.

"The question is under consideration and a group of Soviet players might play abroad after we go to Calgary. But for the moment 1 can say no more because nothing more is known. It is too early to say that all has been decided," he said.

The Soviet authorities had previously seemed to welcome the idea of sending players ahroad to display the good products of their game hut wanted to keep the best players for international competi-

Officials declined to say why there had been an apparent change in their policy.

Although they also would not discuss financial terms, the moves could help the sports committee receive foreign currency which they need to buy western equip-

The Soviet press has in recent months partly hlamed a decline in many of the country's sports on a lack of top-class Soviet goods which match the quality of equipment abroad.

Playing ahroad would also give Soviet sportsmen, who are offically amateur, an experience of competing in professional leagues. The idea of making Soviet soccer clubs professional is a popular topic in the country's

The last foothaller to play for a Western Club was Anatoly Zin-chenko, who joined Rapid Vienna briefly in the early 1980s.

Dynamo Kiev striker Oleg Blokhin was prevented from going to the West in 1982 and Yuri Gavrilov, then with Spartak Moscow, failed to join Rapid Vienna last year after officials said be was preparing to sign a two-year contract. two-vear contract.

Ice hockey players who have received permission to play in the West in the past include Sergei Makarov, picked by Calgary in 1983, and Vladimir Krutov and lgor Larionov, who were drafted by Vancouver in 1984 and 1985

Alexei Kasatonov was recruited by New Jersey in 1983 and Vyacheslav Fetisov was signed by Montreal in 1978 and by New Jersey in 1983.

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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following were the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and hullion markets Monday.

One U.S. dollar

equity market.

1.3230/35 1.8235/40 2.0550/60 1.5060/70 37.87/90 6.0950/1000 1320/1321 142.95/143.05 6.3\$50/3900 6.7000/50

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Equities stood firm but slightly below their

midday highs after a lower opening on Wall Street, dealers said.

The new account began on a bright note Monday morning on

institutional buying in the wake of week-end press comment that last week's correction, which took the FTSE 100 iodex down 90

points, could be over. However, dealers said trading remained cautious, with volume not a great deal up on last week's lacklustre

At 1430 GMT the FTSE 100 was up 14.1 at 2,219.9 after

Uoderpinning Monday's firmer trend was the Japanese secur-

ities firm Nomura Securines Co. Ltd., which made its market-

making debut on the London market on Monday. Nomura, the world's largest securities bouse, has begun by dealing in 10 blue chip stocks and is the first major Japanese house to enter the U.K.

Dealers said that further consideration in the wake of last week's worse-than-expected U.K. bank lending data for July bad

led to a slight improvement in overall sentiment, but noted that

the U.K. economic and interest rate picture still looked a little

Tyour Daily Toroscope

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1987

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You may have a feeling

of frustration over what seem to be many obstacles in

your path. These, however, are actually opportunities

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) A co-worker could be depressed, but don't let that disturb you. Keep your

spirits high and be quite productive.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Keep that promise

you've made to your mate, even if belated, and be cheerful about it. Hava confidence in yourself.

GEMINI (May 21 to Juna 21) Home mattters requir-

iven sufficient effort. MOON CHILDREN (Juna 22 to Jul. 21) Stop putting

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) A family friend has excellent

advice concerning your financial situation. Listen carefully to thia, and follow it up.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Gather the data

necessary to help you work more efficiently. Accept an

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Consult an expert about

an interest which fascinates you, and you'll find the best

way to make it operate auccessfully. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Permit a good friend

who has excellent judgment to suggest where your

energies abould be placed. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Follow all rules

and regulations which apply to you. If you ask a superior for a favor, do so confidentially.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Become more active and you can be more successful. You have much

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be alert to an opportunity to do something in public which will plaase

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) It would be best to

postpone a discussion with an associate until you have a chance to check the facts and figures.

1F YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or ahe may

be a little slow learning to read and write, but once a desire for knowledge is acquired, it will be all-consuming.

Teach your child the basics of business, since talent as an entrepreneur is indicated. He or ahe will also be a wonderfully dedicated family person.

ing special attention can be cleared up, provided they're

off important communications, but consider your posi-

tion first. Ba wary of recklesa drivers.

invitation from a close friend.

ability, so don't keep it dormant.

your mate. Use your talents.

from the Carroll Righter Institute

which can assist you greatly.

touching a high of 2,236.5 at 1115 GMT.

1.6270/80

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lira Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

6.0200/50 One ounce of gold 455.70/456.20 Danish crowns

traded Monday at prices ranging between 255.000 and 282.00 to the U.S. currency. "Trading was thin, and the suspension of pricing hy the cen-tral bank helped steady the mar-ket to some extent by reducing demand for the dollar" one bank-

(265.00/270.00) to the dollar, but

dealers said it continued to be

Lebanese central bank avoids pricing lira

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanon's central bank abstained from pricing its international value this year. There was more bad news on the Lebanese lira agaio Monday ·Lebanon's economic crisis from while official figures showed the the Consumers' Protection Decost of key consumer items rose partment, an organisation affili-300 per cent over the first eight ated to the ministry of economy months of the year.

It said prices of milk, meat For the second day's trading cheese, medicine and basic the central bank refrained from household items such as delerposting the price of the Lebanese gent had risen 300 per cent since lira after it lost eight per ceot of its international value last Friday. It closed then at 267.50 Jan. 1 this year.

The department's report, published in local newspapers, said the value of Lebanon's minimum wage of 4,300 liras a month had dropped from \$50 at the beginning of the year to \$16 this

A 2.5 kilogramme tin of pow-dered milk costing 410 liras in January was now selling at 1,750 liras. Meat which sold at 270 liras r said. a kilogramme now cost 1,950 The lira has lost 69 per cent of liras, it said.

Bank of Japan halts further decline of dollar

took a new nosedive Monday then it was rescued by aggressive market intervention from Japan's ceotral bank, but currency dealers said the respite may only be

In Asia, the dollar slipped Monday below 141 Japanese yeo — it was comfortably above 151 just 10 days ago when the United States announced a set of particular to the state of particular and set of p

the currency tumbling.

With 140 yeo in sight Monday, the Bank of Japan cotered the market and poured money from its coffers to buy between \$400 and \$500 million and arrest the

"The Baok of Japao was apparently determined to balt the dollar's further decline towards 140 yeo," a Tokyo dealer said.

Later, Tokyo sources also said the central bank was in touch with its U.S. coonterpart, the Federal Reserve, about concerted action to steady the dollar. These measures bad the desired effect. Dealers scrambled to

buy the dollar to cover themselves, and it was back up around 143 yen and 1,8235 West German marks at midday in Europe, European dealers were wary of being caught short of dollars in case more central bank buying

drove up the price and so they decided to look to the New York market for a lead. The dollar has shed about five per cent of its value against the yen and four per ceot against the mark since Aug. 14, wheo the United States said its trade gap

widened to \$15.7 billion in June. It is close to levels seen this spring when central banks speot

LONDON (R) — The dollar Accord" — the Paris agreement of the United States, Japan, West Germany, France, Britain and Canada which said a further dollar fall would be bad for the world

> Gold was little changed in London Monday. It was set at \$455.80 an ounce, after \$455.50 on Friday afternoon.

Oo the stock markets, the Tokyo 225-sbare Nikket index ended a modest 10.66 down at 25.754.33 after a thin day. London share values powered ahead, taking the Financial Times

Stock Exchange index of 100 leading shares up to 2,235 at midday, a rise of some 30 points. The rebound followed weekend press comment that a correction, which took the Londoo market down 90 points last week on fears that Britain's eco-

nomy was overheating, might be Dealers saw evidence of some buying hy big institutional loves-tors and ooe said: "This is the most stable we've seen the mar-

ket for some time." Crude oil prices continued to weakeo. They bave been easing for more than a week since Gulf tensions seemed to abate and it began to look as if OPEC was pumping more crude than oil companies were ready to take

into their emergency stocks.

North Sea Brent crude for October delivery was traded in Europe Monday at \$17.85 a barrel. Brent was above \$20 three weeks ago.

A reduction in Gulf tensions has also helped undermine the dollar. Investors fancy dollars, as they do gold, to uncertain rimes. Also, oil is paid for in dollars — a billions to stabilise its value, in higher oil price creates more deline with the Feb. 22 "Louvre mand for the U.S. currency.

Rail workers strike in Canada

MONTREAL (R) — Workers at Canada's two oational railways went oo strike early Monday, shutting down freight and passenger services across the country.

The walkout came after contract talks between the railways and the union collapsed on Sunday.
"We're shutting down the railway," Mr. Don Fraleigh, Canadian
National Rail's vice-president of labour relations, said.

Europeans may supercede Americans in forming joint ventures with Soviets

WASHINGTON (AP) — West European nations may be quicker than America to respond to Soviet Mikhail Gorbachev's bid for Western companies to enter joint ventures in the Soviet Union, according to a study released Monday.

The Soviets have passed leg- West Europeans, whose coun-islation allowing Western com- tries have always been readier panies to own up to 49 per ceot of oint vectures based in the Soviet Union, but negotiations with U.S. companies bave failed to yield any firm agreements.

Despite some difficulties, entering ioto such ventures would beoefft the West by earning 'modest" profits for some companies and exposing Soviets to Western ideas, said a study released by the Atlantic Council. The Washington-based group consists of business executives, scholars and former government officials concerned with rela-tions among the Western demo-

The legal changes that opened the door for joint ventures are part of the restructuring advanced by Mr. Gorbachev to make the Soviet economy more efficient. "Both the Japanese and the

tries have always been readier than the United States to trade with the Soviets, do believe that Mr. Gorbachev can make some improvements to his economy and that these must eventually impact at least marginally on Soviet domestic politics and ideology to the general benefit of the Western World while at the same time offering their companies chances for modest earn-

ings," said the study.
The prospect of U.S. firms enteriog into joint veotures appeared to increase with the nomination of Mr. C. William Verity as commerce secretary. Mr. Verity, formerly the cochair-man of the U.S.-USSR Trade and Economic Council, drew criticism from conservatives io 1984 by saying that America lost millions of dollars in potential sales because of sanctions against the

embargoed items from other countries, said Mr. Verity, who is one of 94 directors of the Atlanne Council.

The United States imposed sanctions after Soviet troops intervened in Afghanistan in 1979. Other restrictions were ned to the level of Jewish emigration from the Soviet Union.

The sanctions, said the report, persuaded the Soviets that the United States is an unreliable partner with which to construct an extensive dependency.

A U.S. embargo on the sale of equipment for a natural gas pipeline from Siberia to Western Europe angered not only the Russians but the Europeans.

Failure by the U.S. government to reach accord with its European allies on responding to the joint venture overture could "produce major NATO tensions reminiscent of the natural gas pipeline case in the early 1980's," Atlantic Council President George Seignious wrote in the foreword to the report.

U.S. trade with the Soviets has also been impeded by U.S. government fears that "intensive in-

.U.S. industry might boost the already substantial Soviet military effort." the study noted, calling for a reappraisal of export controls to assure that they do not unecessarily impede trade but do protect American security in-

Overall, "Western interests are served if Soviet leaders give greater priority to achieving economic efficiency for their country and to increasing their stake in the maintenance of an orderly world." said the study, written by Mr. G. Jonathan Greenwald and Mr. Leonard Sullivan.

The prospects for joint ventures may ulomately be harmed more by Soviet than U.S. attitudes. East-West trade has been hampered "because the Soviets have not been prepared to insti-tute the kind of reforms in their economic system that would make investment opportunides more attractive to Western firms," the study said, adding: The Soviet system has so far failed to provide those things that show businessmen that fair pro-

fits can be made." Overproduction by OPEC likely to increase

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Total OPEC oil production this month is expected to reach an estimated 19.7 million barrels a day, three million barrels over the level agreed at the group's Geneva conference in June, the

Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) reported Monday. The respected Nicosia-based oil digest said most of the overproduction was by member states of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Couotries (OPEC) in the Gulf, iocluding Iran and Iraq which have been at war for nearly seven years.

The weekly noted that amid falling oil prices, the governments of several OPEC countries have officially complained to the presi-deot of the 13-member organisa-tion, Nigerian Oil Minister Rilwanu Lukman, about production levels by other member states that exceed the quotas agreed in

The overall production ceiling for 12 of the 13 OPEC members, excludiog Iraq, set in Geneva was
16.6 million barrels a day.
The weekly's estimate for Au-

gust production was one million barrels a day more than the esti-mated OPEC output for July of 18.6 million barrels daily "which had already been regarded as excessive.

The Survey noted: "the bulk of the locrease in output has definitely emanated from the Gulf area, although a number of OPEC exporters from other areas are suspected of excess output.

are suspected of excess output, including Nigeria and Libya, both reported to be 100,000-200,000 barrels a day over-quota."

The weekly said that Iraq was producing around 2.2 million barrels a day and was expected to boost that an estimated 2.5-2.6 million barrels daily by cert million barrels daily by oext

month when a new pipeline ble disruption of supply from throogb Turkey reaches full

capacity.

The pipeline, the third carrying Iraqi crude exports through Turkey and Saudi Arabia, was opened last month. Iraqi leaders have said they expect to hit three million barrels a day by the end of

The weekly noted that Iran has raised its daily output to around 2.8 million barrels, some 400,000 barrels a day over its quota of 2.369 millioo barrels and around 700,000 barrels a day more than its production level in May. The Iranians apparently bave

been able to boost their output, and thus their vital oil exports that pay for its war effort, be-cause of a lull in Iraqi air raids on its tankers in the Gulf.

Iraq bas beld off attacking Iranian tankers since July 20 when the United Nations Security Council passed a resolution call-ing for a ceasefire in the Gulf war. Iran accepted that, but Iran

has giveo an ambiguous response.
The survey noted that the United Arab Emirates (UAE) are understood to have hiked their output to about 1.6 million bar-rels a day. The UAE's quota is 948,000 barrels a day.

Despite market reports that Kuwait, whose tankers have been attacked by Iran in recent months, was producing more than its quota of 996,000 barrels a day, the survey said "it is difficult to get any clear fix on Kuwait's real production level.

The weekly said this was be-cause of "the irregular pattern of its export shipments in the military escort situation and the Kuwait Petroleom Compaoy's understandable desire to build up exportable stocks outside the Gulf to insure against any possi-

Reflagged Kuwaiti tankers. flylog the stars and stripes, are being escorted in and out of the Gulf by U.S. warships to protect the emirate's oil exports.

The survey estimated that Saudi Arabia, the Gulf's biggest producer, has a current output of 4.5 million barrels a day. But because some 200,000 bar-

rels a day of this output "is destined for onshore storage outside the kingdom," Saudi Arabia may be regarded as still keeping within its quota limitation of 4.343 million barrels a day. Saudi Arabia was the first

OPEC member to complain of overproduction by fellow member states last July.

The survey said Mr. Lukman had asked the Saudis for more

details of the alleged violations of the Geneva agreement, but noted Aug. 20 that the reports were wildly exaggerated." The latest complaint has come from Tehran, the weekly noted.

The Iranians called in a telex to Mr. Lukman last week for action against the overproducers, although it apparently did oot Iran also asked Mr. Lukman to

activate a three-man committee summer," the newspaper said. made up of the Nigerian, Venezuelan and Indonesian oil ministers to "undertake visits to member countries...to motivate them to comply with the terms of the agreement," MEES reported. Iran also urged the activation

of a five-member group comprising the ministers from Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Indonesia, Nigeria and Veoezuela to check oo non-OPEC producers Tehran alleged have reneged on undertakings with the group to cut back output to belp push up oil prices.

THE BETTER HALF.

Venezuela had earlier also complained that the Geneva accord was being breached. charging this jeopardised the OPEC price structure and was damaging those OPEC members who were sticking to the quota

Meanwhile, London's Daily Express reported Monday that Iran is earning up to \$20 million a day more from its oil than it was a year ago because of tension in the Gulf.

The conservative daily, quoting unidentified oil experts, said the country's religious leaders were making a fortune out of the war fever they have whipped up in the

According to the report. Western countries are "desperate" to stockpile oil in case the tension breaks out into war.

Despite reports of mines and warships "cluttering the Gulf from end to end." Iran is shuttling millions of barrels of oil daily through the Strait of Hormuz, the report said.

"Even Kuwait — which has had some of its reflagged tankers held up or damaged in the American naval convoys - is coining in nearly \$10 million a day more than it was at the start of the

It said that when the U.S. frigate Stark was hit by an Iraqi crewmen, producers in the OPEC group were shipping out five mil-lion barrels of oil a day. A barrel contains 42 gallons. and a gallon contains 3.8 litres.

"Now it is more than seven million and increasing," the Daily Express said.

It said the business has "created an unexpected boost for the shipping business as supertankers are changing bands for fortunes."

By Harris

Peanuts









Mutt'n' Jeff



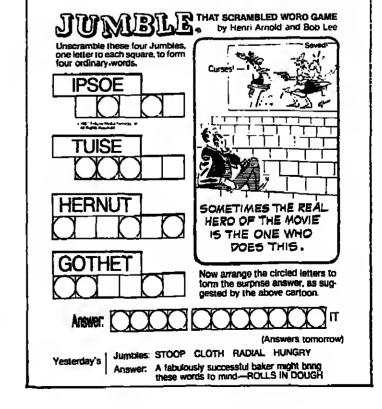
Andy Capp











THE Daily Crossword by Roger Cobum 1 — over (assist) 5 Snake 10 Open slightly 14 Tlay amount 15 Ms Kesten 19 ms Kestoria 19 — contendere 17 Harrison's V.P. 19 Prosous 20 Greek Isle 21 Coarlort 22 Formerty 23 Corn spike 25 Alarm 27 Intolerant ones 31 Suds on tap 33 Deal — post 36 Author Haley 37 GWTW home Yasterday's Puzzia Solvad: 8 Son of Soth 9 Break a rule of play 10 Composer Overak 11 FDR's V.P. 11 FDR's V.P. 12 Sir Guinness 13 Trevi's city 12 Convene 24 Morie dog 26 Sphere 27 Count of 27 Count or music 28 "— Lucy" 28 "— Lucy" 29 Nixon's V.P. 30 Yoked bessts 31 Lively 32 Roof grenning 34 Take care of 35 Fire crime 38 Woel 40 Alley Oop's old

EBIS

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U.S. report raises questions about reliability of MX missiles

WASHINGTON (AP) — Problems with the guidance systems of the multi-warhead MX missiles are raising "serious questions" about the dependability of one of the nation's front-line nuclear weapons, a House committee report says.

Twenty two of an expected MX built the inertial measurement deployed, but one third of those deployed are not operational because of problems in their guidance systems, the report says.

"Of the 22 deployed so far. eight don't even have a guidance system and are thus clearly and obviously unguided missiles." said Representative Les Aspin, an opposition Democrat and chairman of the House Armed Services Committee that released the report Sunday.

The air force says the other 14 are fine, but it has appointed a scientific panel to lok into the issues, which indicates the air force isn't so sure." he said in a

The report from the Democralic-controlled panel was sharply critical of Northrop Corp., which

DHAKA (R) - At least 60

people were missing after an

overcrowded ferry capsized in the

Buriganga River outside Dhaka

Sunday night, police said

ching the hull of the Sravani

which sank after a collision with a

Local officials said some of the

missing could have swum ashore

but many passengers, including women and children, must have

A salvage vessel was expected

Meanwhile, floodwaters have

begun receding from northern

Bangladesh, the region hit har-

dest by the nation's worst floods

for 40 years, officials said

DES MOINES, Iowa (AP) -

hopefuls traded gentle economic

at the centre of much of the fire.

of their heavy blows for the

Reagan administration, several

pressed Mr. Dukakis to defend

the centerpiece of his campaign:

The problem with what Gov-

Claiming credit for economic re-

emor Dukakis said is it contains

no specifics whatsoever," said Sen. Albert Gore Jr. of Tennes-

see. "With all due respect to my

friend from Massachuseits, we

Sen. Paul Simon of Illinois

noted that defence spending in

Massachusetts has increased by

59 per cent during Mr. Dukakis'

vival in his home state.

need some specifics."

While the seven reserved most

But vast areas in the south east

Democrats trade mild

to lift the ferry out of water

They said divers were still sear-

Monday.

drowned.

pillar of a bridge.

Monday, they said.

force of 100 missiles have been unit, as the guidance system is formally known. It also criticised the air force for not baving an adequate system of checks and balances on contractors.

Instead of checking for quality. the air force pushed quantity and Northrop responded by huilding the programme so rapidly that comers were cut, the report said.

The Washington Post, meanwhile, reported in Monday's editions that the air force has suspended all MX flight tests while it seeks to resolve questions about the missiles' accuracy. The newspaper based its report on unidentified Defence Department and

congressional sources.

The newspaper said Brig.-Gen.
Charles A. May Jr., air force
deputy director for advanced programmes, confirmed that the

waters from the north slowly roll

lowards the Bay of Bengal, the

Flood Emergency Centre in Dha-

ported in the last 24 hours, hringing the know death toll past 550.

Officials said scores more might

die from disease or starvation.

caused by drowning and others by

the collapse of mud-walked

houses, snakebite and disease,

officials in the devastated areas

A fast-spreading diarrhoea epidemic has killed more than

100 people, mostly children, and

at least 10,000 others bave been

ing from malaria and malautri-

Hundreds of others are suffer-

"The situation is worsening ev-

infected, health officials said.

told reporters.

tion, they added.

Nearly half the deaths were

Thirty more deaths were re-

remaining MX flight tests "so that we could better understand these changes" in missile

Lt.-Col. Richard Ohorn. a spokesman for the air force, disputed the congressional commitlee's conclusions about the accuracy of the weapon, which is known formally as the Peacekeeper.

"There's no question about the capability of the Peacekeeper system. Its accuracy has been demonstrated in 17 test flights." Col. Oborn said.

Tony Cantafio, a spokesman for Northrop, said he had not seen the panel's report and could not respond to specifics in the

But Mr. Cantafio said, "the air force has stated that the guidance unit is exceeding its reliability requirements and has met or exceeded its accuracy requirements in the 17 test flights thus far." "Our problem has heen one of quantity, not quality," Mr. Canta-

air force decided to delay three fio said. "Since May, 21 new uoits bave been accepted by the air backlog from 23 to 17 units."

However, the report said that of the 17 tests conducted, only five used the type of guidance system that would actually go on the MX deployed in a silo. The other dozen were test versions.

"As a result of the significant management deficiencies and ineffective programme monitoriog, serious questions of confidence in the deployed MX missile force bave arisen," the report said.

The air force likes to cite the success of the test programme," Mr. Aspin said. "But our investigation shows that only five of the 17 test shots have used the production version of the guidance system, as opposed to the research version.

"And of those five shots, two fell far outside the target zone, he said, Col. Oborn agreed that only five tests used the production version of the guidance

Ferry capsizes near Dhaka; 60 missing have been freshly inundated as ery day. Maybe the worst has yet

jpur in the north told Reuters Sunday night. President Hossain Mohammad

to come," one official at Dina-

Ershad has appealed to friendly countries and donor agencies for more than \$100 million in emergency aid. A senior official said Bang-

ladesh, one of the world's poorest countries, had lost more than one billion taka (\$330 million) worth of crops, property and infrastruc-

Despite repeated appeals, Bangladesh has so far drawn more sympathy than money from

Apparently worried by the lukewarm response. Gen. Érshad has decided to send special envoys abroad to seek emergency

campaign of Tessie Aquino-Oreof Representatives last May in a race marred by charges of vote Lenisis charged

leader who was killed when he returned to the Philippines four

latest in a string of unsolved killings that Mrs. Aquino has branded the gravest threat to the country's fledgling democracy.

Meanwhile, the militant May

Philippine rebels kill businessman

MANILA, Philippines (AP) Suspected Communist rebels killed the campaign manager of President Corazon Aquino's sister-in-law, and militant unions launched new protests Monday against state-mandated fuel price

in ambush

Elsewhere, Communist rebels burned a private train belonging to a large sugar coopertative on Negros Island Sunday, two days after rebels suffered casualties in a raid on a town hall on the

central Philippine island. Police said four gunmen ambushed businessman Jesus Mariano, 51, on a street near his north Manila home Sunday and escaped. Police said they sus-pected the killers were rebel

urban guerrillas, known as "sparrows" for the swiftness of their Mariano ran the successful ta, who was elected to the House

spread vote-buying in Mrs. Aquino-Oreta's campaign. She denied the allegation. hars. Aquino-Oreta is the sister of Mrs. Aquino's late husband, Benigno, an exiled opposition

years ago. Mr. Mariano's murder was the

1st Movement said it would stage work stoppages Monday at selected factories in Manila and other major cities as a prelude to a nationwide strike planned for Wednesday to demand a rollback of fuel price hikes.

Aide denies Gorbachev plans to visit U.S.

has no plans to travel to the United States oext month.

The Los Angeles Times re-ported Suoday that Mr. Gorbachev planned to go to New York for the late-September opening of the U.N. General Assembly, theo possibly to Washington for meetings with U.S. President Ronald Reagan.

Asked by telephone about the report that a U.S. visit was planned, Mr. Gerasimov said: "We have oo such news. This is not

Administration officials with the president at his California ranch also have denied that a summit is being prepared. Mr. Gorbachev has said repe-

MOSCOW (AP) — Foreign atedly that he will travel to Ministry spokesman Gennady Washington, as agreed during his Gerasimov said Monday that first meeting with Mr. Reagan in Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev Geneva in November 1985, only when the two nations have made progress toward an arms control accord and better relations.

> Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze and U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz are to meet on Sept. 15-17 in the United States to work toward a treaty eliminating both sides' sbort-and medium-range nuclear

> Superpower disarmament talks in Geneva are said to be close to producing an agreement, but the two negotiating teams are at odds over whether 72 West German Pershing 1-A missiles armed with U.S. warbeads should be covered

11 held in Riga during nationalist demonstration

MOSCOW (AP) — A Latvian small states along the Baltic Sea human rights activist said Monday that Soviet police broke through an apartment door in Riga to arrest 11 leaders of a nationalist demonstration that drew thousands into a confronta-

tion with authorities. Juris Zimilis, reached by telephone in the Latvian capital of Riga, said authorities broke through a locked door and took members of the Latvian Helsinki Watch human rights group to a local police station for three hours.

The group members were among thousands of Latvians, Lithuanians and Estonians who rallied Sunday on the anniversary of the 1939 Hitler-Stalin pact that paved the way for Soviet takeover of the Baltic states.

Soviet media have denounced the demonstrations as provoca-tions by Western radio broadcasts and emigre organisations.

Mr. Zimilis denied that charge, contending the protests were truth known about how the three takeover.

The Soviet-German Non-Aggression Pact signed on Aug. 23, 1939, delayed Soviet fighting in World War II and divided parts of Eastern Europe into spheres of Soviet and Nazi influence. The pact, which is rarely mentioned

lost their independence.

by the Soviet press, required Nazi Germany to stay out of the Baltic area. Less than a year later the three states were annexed to the Soviet Union.

The 48th anniversary of the pact was marked with mass demonstrations in the Baltic capitals

of Vilnius, Riga and Tallinn. Mr. Zimilis said at least 5,000 Latvians attempted to lay flowers at a central Riga war memorial in symbolic protest of the Soviet takeover.

In a rare report about anti-Soviet sentiment, the TASS news agency issued several dispatches from the Baltic oo Sunday night. acknowledging that the railies organised by Balts who want the were in protest of the 1940

C. Americans differ on call for end to contra aid

CARACAS (R) - A Central American peace conference ended here amid differences over wheo the United States should be called upoo to end aid to contra rebels fighting the Nicaraguan government.

The foreign ministers of El Salvador and Guatemala said the demand should be issued on Nov. 7, the deadline set for a number of other provisions in a new regional peace accord, including ceasefires in the region's conflicts, amnesty and democratic

reforms. But Nicaragua said the United States should already have agreed to end contra aid because it was implicit in the peace accord signed in Guatemala City on Aug. 7 hy the presidents of Guatemala, Nicaragua, El Salva-dor, Honduras and Costa Rica.

The presidents already made the call when they included it in the Guatemala City document," Nicaraguan Foreign Minister Miguel d'Escoto said.

The accord includes a provision calling for an end to foreign support for rebel groups in the

But Salvadorean Foreign Minister Ricardo Acevedo said there had been confusion on wheo the demand would be made for the United States to end aid to the contras.

The ministers' differences surfaced Sunday after the final ceremony of a peace conference of 13 Latin American foreign minis-

The gatheriog established the verification committee called for in the accord to monitor compliance with the Ceotral American peace pact.

The panel's 15 members are the foreign ministers of five Central American nations, the Contadora group of Mexico, Vene-zuela, Colombia and Panama, the Contadora Support Group of Argentina, Brazil, Peru and Uruguay and the secretary-generals or their representatives of the United Nations and the Organisation of American States.

The United States say it will only support a peace plan consistent with its interests and those of

has been missing since Saturday.

"The fuehrer is shattered .

what an impression for the world,

the fuehrer's deputy is mentally

COLUMNS 768

Radio reopens as Beirut cools

BEIRUT (R) - Beirut radio resumed hroadcasts Monday after a 10-day closure prompted by a summer heatwave. The stateowned radio in mainly Muslim west Beirut shut down on Aug. 14 when staff complained of torrid heat, fainting fits and rotting electrical cahles. "Beirut Radio will remain the official voice that should not stop," an announcer said Monday after the temperature moderated and workers completed repairs to studio wiring. Scores of commercial radios are currently operating in Lebankin despite the country's 12-year civil war.

China cuts down lavish state banquets

PEKING (R) — State banquets in China will last no longer than 90 minutes and guests will be limited to four dishes and one soup. according to new rules. The number of guests will also be cut and if foreign delegations exceed their quota they will be given the bill, the People's Daily reported. It quoted China's head of diplomatic protocol as saying the new measures will save time. expense and the energy of the country's leaders. The rules also say Chinese leaders and ministers will no longer host return banquets when they go abroad and will not entertain diplomats of those countries on returning to Peking. Similarly, foreign dignitaries need not host return banquets when they visit China. One Asian diplomat recalled with some nostalgia the banquets of 15 years ago when even lowly foreign officials were feled with up to 40 courses. In the last decade of reform and pragmatism, courses had been cut down to seven, he said. The new rules, described as diplomatic reforms, also stated that visiting leaders and ministers will be given the comfort of limousines to bring them from Peking airport but other officials must take mini-buses. "In the past a motorcade of a distinguished foreign visitor could be as long as one kilometre and it seriously disrupted traffic." Tang Longhin was quoted as saying.

Thousands tap dance in Manhattan

NEW YORK (AP) - More than 3.800 people tap-danced their way into the record hook in midtown Manhattan to the beat of Irving Berlin's Steppin' Out. The dancers included an 85-yearold, seven deaf students and 8-week-old Daniel Sean Wallace, his mother Tina Wallace, 26, and his 74-year-old grandfather, George Carlson, "Tap-O-Mania" was sponsored by Macy's Department Store to break the record for the largest tan-dancing production, set last year with 3.783. Before the dancing started, 150 tap dance captains spent the morning teaching the steps. New York has held the Guinness Book of World Records mark since 1984, when it recaptured the title from Australia, said Macv's spokeswoman Judy Cohn. The event included hoofers from Britain. Antigua, France and Canada, but nobody from Australia. "It's really wonderful, in the spirit of the Olympics, that another country took us on," said Jean McFaddin, Macy's director of special productions. But, she said, "we can't let that record get away from us." Choreographer Kathy Gergin called the steps while a recording of Fred Astaire singing 'Steppin' Out

Alcohol blamed for higher suicide rate

YELLOWKNIFE, Canada (AP) - lo Fort Resolution, a town of 450 people on the southern shore of Great Slave Lake in Canada's Northwest Territories, six young men have killed themselves in the past three years. The suicide victims, aged 17 to 24, were all unemployed and had a history of either alcohol of drug abuse. Among the victims were two of Paul Boucher's oldest and closest friends. "It's pretty scary. It's like part of my childhood has been wiped away," says Boucher, who is an alcohol and drug couoseller at the local community centre. The suicides left Boucher feeling somehow responsible. "At first I wondered, should I just kill myself too?" he recalls. "But I knew that I shouldn't think that way and that maybe through my work or my example I could help someone else avoid this." Last week, Boucher engaged in a series of meetings with local Indian clders as well as school, health and police officials to try to come up with a community strategy to deal with the problem. A recent national task force report showed that on a per-capita basis northerners kill themselves at a dramatically higher rate than people in southern Canada. According to the report, the suicide rate is 35.1 per 100,000 people in the Yukon and 25.5 per 100,000 in the Northwest Territories. The national rate is 12.9 per 100,000. The differences reflect the fact that two high risk groups - Indians and those who abuse alcohol - are heavily represented in the north, where support systems are scarce.

Israel screens volunteers for AIDS

TEL AVIV (AP) - Israel's kibbutzim have started to run AIDS tests on foreign volunteers' blood samples, a spokesman for a kibbutz umbrella organisation has said. Some 25,000 foreign volunteers come annually from as far as the United States. Australia and Britain to work at the country's 273 kibbutzim, or communal farms, Shlomo Leshem said. Leshem, a spokesman for the United Kibbutz Movement, said many Kibbutzim "are already performing AIDS tests on foreign volunteers.

Hart attends Irish sports event

DUBLIN. Ireland (AP) — Former U.S. presidential hopeful Gary Hart cleared up the mystery of his whereabouts when he attended a Gaelic football match on Sunday. Press Association said. Sen. Hart joined tens of thousands of cheering fans at the match, but sat in the VIP box at Dublin's Croke Park Stadium while the Meath County team waged its victorious fight against Derry's team, the British domestic news agency said. It said he slipped away early, avoiding reporters' questions about reports that he might rejoin the race for the Democratic nomination in the 1988 presidential election. The former senator from Colorado pulled out on May 8 after reports he was involved with a model.

China's crowded hospitals criticised

PEKING (R) — Chinese hospitals are overflowing with pregnant women lying in corridors while nearby expensive hotels have rooms to spare, a newspaper has protested. The Guangming Daily gave the example of Hefei City where it said 10 per cent of wome I waiting to give hirth had to lie in corridors, while a hotel spent 5.5 million yuan (\$1.5 million) replacing wooden window frame with aluminium. The city in the eastern province of Anhui recently huilt 300 hotels and hostels with 30,000 beds of which only 60 per cent were normally occupied, the newspaper said.

Man caught in bed with woman expelled

PEKING (R) — China which bans sex between unmarried couples has expelled a West German businessman after police burst into his hotel room in the middle of the night and caught him in bed with a Chinese woman. The man worked for the industrial company Siemens and company sources said he was thrown out of China earlier this month. "He was caught in flagrante," one source said this weekend, describing how the man ignored warnings hy his Peking hotel staff not to take a Chioese woman into bis room. His passport was confiscated and he was expelled within a day or so, the source said. The fate of the woman was unknown but Chinese residents said her likely punishment was months in a labour reform ceotre. Sex between unmarried couples is illegal in China. The law is not often enforced though young people do receive warnings from neighbourhood committees which mooitor the movements of people, especially foreigners, in their area. "Homosexuality and casual sexual relations are both against the law and contrary to Chinese morality," Health Minister Chen Minzhang was quoted as saying this month by the weekly Peking Review. For these reasons, the minister argued, the killer disease A1DS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) would not spread easily through China,

tenure. "That's a pretty healthy welfare check for the state of Massachusetts." he said. Rep. Richard Gephardt of Missouri noted that there might be a

link between the criticism and Mr. Dukakis' standing in the "If 1 get to 52 per cent in the polls in New Hampshire, will you start altacking me like you attack-

ed Governor Dukakis?" Gephardt asked Sen. Gore. Mr. Dukakis said he didn't tions.

"think anybody was picking on

"I like debate, I like discusjubs Sunday in a two-hour debate at the Iowa State Fair, with Massachusetts Gov. Michael Dalakis said. "I thought it was a good discussion, a good debate. Thi

The exchanges came before more than 1,000 Iowans who took time out from the coro dogs and cattle shows at the fair.

tion, was the first of a series of meetings for the seven candidates in lowa, with at least three more scheduled before the state holds its Feb. 8 precinct caucuses, the nation's first test of Democratic presidential strength.

Efforts to arrange a similar debate of Republican presidential hopefuls fell through in the face of resistance from the organisa-tions of Vice President George Bush and Senate Republican leader Robert Dole of Kansas,

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GORES AND OMAR SHARIF

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH 4Q54 7KJ8 CA 1054 **4**864

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The bidding North East Pass Pass Pass 4 \Upsilon Pass Opening lead: Three of •

In that column we saw that, after a club lead and continuation, declarer should ruff and lead a other club, declarer should not ruff-he must discard his diamond

jabs in Iowa fair debate Seven Democratic presidential me."

adventure is very unpredictable.

The debate, sponsored by the lowa Broadcast News Associa-

who lead in early opinion polls.

The candidates said Sunday's debate was important both because it was broadcast statewide on Iowa public television and because it gave Democrats a change to spell out their economic programmes, an area where the party has been considered weak in past presidential elec-

WHAT'S THE HURRY?

EAST WEST

It's ant only declarer who should not rush in where angels fear to irend. The defenders, too, should consider carefully before committing themselves to a particular line. To lliustrate our point, we've made one slight change in yester-

loser. Now the contract is secure if spades are 3-3 or, in the even that they don't break evenly, if the player with the long spades also has four or more diamonds. flowever, winning the ace on the

first trump lead is not the best defense. East should allow the king of trumps to win the first trick, and duck again when declarer continues with a low trump to his queen. This simple maneuver will force declarer to bow the knee. When West shows out on the sec-

and round of trumps, declarer can no longer afford to play another Immp—East will win and revert to clubs to set up a long trump in his hand for the setting trick. Declarer has to hope that spades are 3-3. After winning the second frump

declarer should eash the king, queen and ace of spades, and then the ace and king of dlamonds. When these go through, declarer leads his 13th spade and ruffs with the jack of trumps. Now the contract is home. Whether or not East overruffa with the ace of trumps, declarer has no problem holding his losers to one trick in each suit

Note that declarer must time the hand exactly right to land his game. His problems have been caused by a simple, yet thoughtful

Hong Kong paper to print **Spycatcher**

extracts

HONG KONG (R) - A leading Hong Kong newspaper Monday won a legal battle to resume publishing extracts from the memoirs of former British secret agent Peter Wright.

After a three-day hearing a high court judge agreed to lift an interim injunction that had harred the English-language Sunday Morning Post from publishing extracts from Mr. Wright's book

Spycatcher. The injunction was sought by Britain's Attorney-General Sir Patrick Mayhew after the first extracts appeared in the news-

paper on July 25.
Freedom of speech far outweighs any interest the attorneyeeneral has in a restraint," Judge Nicholas Barnert told a packed courtroom.

But he also ordered a stay until Wednesday of the injunction now in effect to allow the British government to appeal against the

Robert Ribeiro, representing the British government, said he would seek instructions from London on any possible appeal.

The sale of the book is not banned in the British colony and it is fast becoming a best-seller. Wright says in Spycatcher that M15, the British counter-intelligence agency for which he worked, conspired in the 1970s against the Labour government of Prime Minister Harold Wilson, whom it suspected of being a Soviet agent.

John Dux, editor-in-chief of the Sunday Post and its sister paper, the daily South China Morning Post, described the ruling as a great victory for freedom

Judge Barnett said in his ninepoint ruling that a blanket ban on the book imposed last month by the Law Lords. Britain's highest court, could not be applied in Hong Kong.

He said this was because the book's main market was in Britain and not Hong Kong and that people whose security might be compromised by Spycatcher did not live in the British colony.

Judge Barnett said in his oneand-a half hour ruling that maintaining freedom of the press was particularly important ahead of the colony's return to Chinese rule in 1997. "The Hong Kong public was

particularly sensitive to any fet-

tering of the free flow of informa-

tion." he said. "It is pertinent that Britain was ultimately responsible for Hong Kong and the (Prime Minister Margaret) Thatcher government is being relied upon to make the best possible arrangement for Hong Kong after 1997." he said.

the Nicaraguan rebels. Hess' son hospitalised after stroke

MUNICH, West Germany (Agencies) -- The son of Rudolf Hess is in an intensive care unit of a Munich hospital after suffering a stroke Sunday night, the masscirculation newspaper Bild said

Wolf-Ruediger Hess had planned to give a news conference Monday at which he was ex-pected to announce the findings of a second autopsy on his father. who died a week ago.

A spokesman for Munich's Grosshadern Clinic confirmed that Mr. Hess, 50, was in the intensive care unit. At his home, a house employee would only say he was taken ill Sunday night and had been

rushed to bospital. An allied autopsy on Hitler's former deputy found he appeared to have committed suicide but the family disputed this and asked a West German doctor to conduct a second autopsy after taking cus-

tody of the body last week. Bild. which has an exclusive contract with Wolf-Ruediger, a Munich architect, said his wife Andrea found him unconscious in their bedroom and immediately called a doctor.

Rudolf Hess is expected to be buried in the family grave at the small lown of Wunsiedel on Wednesday. The town's mayor is expected to give a news conference to announce the funeral arrangements.

Officials in northern Bavaria Sunday banned all rallies in support of Rudolf Hess, and set up roadblocks near the town where he is to be buried to stop neo-Nazis from entering Wunsiedel. In other developments, the

town's Lutheran pastor also barred Hess' mourners who attend his funeral from singing the Naziassociated "Deutschland, Deutschland Ueber Alles," refrain that

his son said his father requested. Hess died Monday in West Berlin at age 93, after nearly 41 years in Spandau Prison, where he had been sentenced for life by the Nuremberg war crimes court Road blocks were set up Sun-

day about 10 kilometres outside Wunsiedel, where police were checking cars for neo-Nazi sympatbisers of Adolf Hitler's former deputy fuehrer. Police arrested five people in the town Sunday, after a group of

all outside gatherings that in any way might be linked to Hess. Officials issued an order banning all open-air gatherings associated in any way with Hess, said police spokesman Roland

A total of 93 neo-Nazis were arrested by police during rallies honouring Hess over the weekend in northern Bavaria, prompting officials to order the ban, police said. Meanwhile Der Spiegel which acquired the serialisation rights to

the diaries of Nazi Propaganda

Minister Joseph Goebbels said

Hess flew to Scotland in 1941

without Hitler's permission. Der piegel printed extracts Sunday relating to Hess's still unexplained flight. An entry dated May 13, 1941, read: "In the evening the dreadful news came - Hess has flown

deranged." Historians have long debated whether Hess acted for Hitler in flying to Britain to try to conclude a separate peace so Nazi Germany could concentrate on fighting the Soviet Union.

The following day Goebbels wrote: 'The fuehrer was waiting for me and I read the letter Hess had left for him. 'He wanted to go to England to explain that the situation was hopeless for them, use Scotland's Lord Hamilton to overtbrow the government of (Prime Minister five neo-Nazis defied the ban on Winston) Churchill then make a

> to save face. "He had not even thought that Churchill would throw him into

> peace agreement for England,

which would enable that country

jail. It's too ridiculous. Goebbels said Hitler was embittered by Hess's action. "He could never have expected this. One can be prepared for most things but not the wild ideas of a

A week later Goehbels wrote: Bochle (Ernst Wilhelm Bochle, leader of the Nazi Party's foreign affairs section) almost believed Hess acted on the fuehrer's wish .. he believed the fuehrer wanted Hess to make peace with Eogland

... how naive." Some volumes of the Third Reich's chief propagandist bave already been published. The full set of diaries Goebbels kept beoff in his plane against the tween 1920 and 1945 are expected fuehrer's (Hitler's) wishes and to be issued next month.